New Part VI ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION

Chapter Two

THE MINISTRY OF THE ORDAINED

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GBOD new Part VI, chap. 2	GBOD New Part VI, chap. 2	Comments
As published in ADCA	With tracking changes to BOD 2016: additions <u>underlined</u> and deletions struck through . With references to BOD 2016 Part VI, e.g. [201]	
 Section I. The Meaning of Ordination and Conference Membership ¶ 301. Ministry in the Christian Church-1. Ministry in the Christian church is derived from the ministry of Christ, who calls all persons to receive God's gift of salvation and follow in the way of love and service. All Christian ministry is grounded in the covenant of baptism by which we are initiated into the body of Christ and called to a life of discipleship. The sacraments of baptism and Holy Communion ground the ministry of the whole church. They are celebrated in the Christian community as a means of grace. Thus, the whole church receives and accepts this call, and all Christians participate in this continuing ministry (see ¶¶ 120-140). 2. Within the church community, there are persons whose gifts, evidence of God's grace, and promise of future usefulness are affirmed by the community, and who respond to God's call by offering themselves in leadership as set-apart ministers, ordained 	 Section I. The Meaning of Ordination and Conference Membership [301] ¶ 301. Ministry in the Christian Church-1. Ministry in the Christian church is derived from the ministry of Christ, who calls all persons to receive God's gift of salvation and follow in the way of love and service. All Christian ministry is grounded in the covenant of baptism by which we are initiated into the body of Christ and called into a life of disciple-ship. The sacraments of baptism and Holy Communion ground the ministry of the whole church. They are celebrated in the Christian community as means of grace. Thus, the whole church receives and accepts this call, and all Christians participate in this continuing ministry (see ¶¶ 120-140). Within the church community, there are persons whose gifts, evidence of God's grace, and promise of future usefulness are affirmed by the community, and who respond to God's call by offering themselves in leadership as set-apart ministers, ordained and licensed (¶ 302). Individuals discern God's call as they relate with God and their 	

and licensed. (¶ 302) Individuals discern God's call as they relate with God and their communities, and the Church guides and confirms those calls. Calls—and the discernment and confirmation of them—are gifts of the Holy Spirit. >VII: —< GBOD ¶ 301.1+2 = 301.1+2	communities, and the Church guides and con- firms those <u>callings calls</u> . Calls—and the discernment and confirmation of them—are gifts of the Holy Spirit. > <u>VII: —<</u>	
¶ 302. Ordination and Apostolic Ministry—The pattern for this response to the call is provided in the development of the early church. The apostles led in prayer, teaching and preaching, ordered the spiritual and temporal life of the community, established leadership for the ministry of service, and provided for the proclamation of the gospel to new persons and in new places. The early church, through the laying on of hands, set apart persons with responsibility to preach, to teach, to administer the sacraments, to nurture, to heal, to gather the community in worship, and to send them forth in witness. The church also set apart other persons to care for the physical needs of others, reflecting the concerns for the people of the world. In the New Testament (Acts 6), we see the apostles identifying and authorizing persons to a ministry of service. These functions, though set apart, were never separate from the ministry of the whole people of God. Paul states (Ephesians 4:1-12) that different gifts and ministries are given to all persons. The Wesleyan tradition has, from the beginning, encouraged a culture of call and a community of discernment, which affirms and supports the ministry of all Christians and identifies and authorizes persons into ministries of the ordained. >VII: —< GBOD ¶ 302 = 302	[302] ¶ 302. Ordination and Apostolic Ministry—The pattern for this response to the call is provided in the development of the early church. The apostles led in prayer, teaching and preaching, ordered the spiritual and temporal life of the community, established leadership for the ministry of service, and provided for the proclamation of the gospel to new persons and in new places. The early church, through the laying on of hands, set apart persons with responsibility to preach, to teach, to administer the sacraments, to nurture, to heal, to gather the community in worship, and to send them forth in witness. The church also set apart other persons to care for the physical needs of others, reflecting the concerns for the people of the world. In the New Testament (Acts 6), we see the apostles identifying and authorizing persons to a ministry of service. These functions, though set apart, were never separate from the ministry of the whole people of God. Paul states (Ephesians 4:1-12) that different gifts and ministries are given to all persons. The Wesleyan tradition has, from the beginning, encouraged a culture of call and a community of discernment, which affirms and supports the ministry of all Christians and identifies and authorizes persons into ministries of the ordained.	

¶ 303. Orders in Relation to the Ministry of All Christians—1. Within the people of God, some persons are called to the ministry of deacon. The words deacon, deaconess, and diaconate all spring from a common Greek root—diakonos, or "servant" and diakonia, or	Section II. Clergy Orders in The United Methodist Church [305] ¶ 303. Clergy Orders in Relation to the Ministry of All Christians—Baptism is God's gift of unmerited grace through the Holy Spirit. It is an	BOD 303 = GBOD 304
deaconess, and diaconate all spring from a common Greek root— <i>diakonos</i> , or "servant," and <i>diakonia</i> , or "service." Very early in its history the church, as an act of worship and praise of God, instituted an order of ordained ministers to personify or focus the servanthood to which all Christians are called. These people were named deacons. This ministry exemplifies and leads the Church in the servanthood every Christian is called to live both in the church and the world. Those called to the ministry of deacon are called to witness to the Word in their words and actions, and to embody and lead the community's service in the world for the sake of enacting God's compassion and justice. 2. Within the people of God, other persons are called to the ministry of elder. The elders carry on the historic work of the <i>presbyteros</i> in the life of the Church. Beginning in some of the very early Christian communities, the <i>presbyteros</i> assisted the bishop in leading the gathered community in the celebration of sacraments and the guidance and care of its communal life. Those called to the ministry of the elder are called to bear authority and responsibility to preach and teach the Word, to administer the sacraments, and to order the life of the church so it can be faithful in making disciples of Jesus Christ for the transformation of the world. >VII: —< GBOD ¶ 303.1-2 = 305	unmerited grace through the Holy Spirit. It is an incorporation into Christ which marks the entrance of each person into the church and its ministry (Romans 6:3, 4, 18). The New Testament witness to Jesus Christ makes elear that the primary form of his ministry in God's name is that of service, <i>diakonia</i> , in the world. Very early in its history, the church came to understand that all of its members were commissioned in bap tism to ministries of love, justice, and service within local congregations and the larger communities in which they lived; all who follow Jesus have a share in the ministry of Jesus, who came not to be served, but to serve. There is thus a general ministry of all baptized Christians (see ¶¶ 126 137). 1. Within the people of God, some persons are called to the ministry of deacon. The words deacon, deaconess, and diaconate all spring from a common Greek root— <i>diakonos</i> , or "servant," and <i>diakonia</i> , or "service." Very early in its history the church, as an act of worship and praise of God, instituted an order of ordained ministers to personify or focus the servanthood to which all Christians are called. These people were named <i>deacons</i> . This ministry exemplifies and leads the Church in the servanthood every Christian is called to the ministry of deacon are called to witness to the Word in their words and actions, and to embody and lead the community's service in the world for the sake of enacting God's	
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¶ 304. Purpose of Ordination—1. Ordination to ministry is a gift from God to the church. In ordination, the church affirms and continues the apostolic ministry through persons empowered by the Holy Spirit. As such, those who are ordained make a commitment to conscious living of the whole gospel and to the proclamation of that gospel to the end that the world may be saved. 2. Ordination is fulfilled in leadership of the people of God through ministries of Service, Word, Sacrament, Order, Compassion, and Justice. The Church's ministry of service is a primary representation of God's love. Those who respond to God's call to lead in service, word, compassion, and justice and equip others for this ministry through teaching, proclamation, and worship and who assist elders in the administration of the sacraments are ordained as deacons. Those whose leadership in service includes preaching and teaching	 lead- ing the gathered community in the celebration of sacraments and the guidance and care of its communal life. Those called to the ministry of the elder are called to bear authority and responsibility to preach and teach the Word, to administer the sacraments, and to order the life of the church so it can be faithful in making disciples of Jesus Christ for the transformation of the world. >VII: —< [303] ¶ 304. Purpose of Ordination—1. Ordination to this ministry is a gift from God to the church. In ordination, the church affirms and continues the apostolic ministry through persons empowered by the Holy Spirit. As such, those who are ordained make a commitment to conscious living of the whole gospel and to the proclamation of that gospel to the end that the world may be saved. 2. Ordination is fulfilled in leadership of the people of God through ministries of Service, Word, Sacrament, Order, Compassion, and Justice. The Church's ministry of service is a primary representation of God's love. Those who respond to God's call to lead in service, word, compassion, and justice and equip others for this ministry through teaching, proclamation, and worship and who assist elders in the administration of the sacraments are ordained as deacons. Those whose leadership in service includes preaching and teaching the Word of God, administration of the sacraments, ordering the Church for its mission and service, and administration of the discipline of the 	BOD 304=GBOD 305
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United Methodist Church, with the ordained who are
members of the same annual conference and part of the
same Order. The covenant of ordained ministry is a
lifetime commitment, and those who enter into it
dedicate their whole lives to the personal and spiritual
disciplines it requires.

4. The effectiveness of the Church in mission depends on these covenantal commitments to the ministry of all Christians and the ordained ministry of the Church. Through ordination and through other offices of pastoral leadership, the Church provides for the continuation of Christ's ministry, which has been committed to the church as a whole. Without creative use of the diverse gifts of the entire body of Christ, the ministry of the church is less effective. Without responsible leadership, the focus, direction, and continuity of that ministry is diminished. Every local church should intentionally nurture candidates for ordained ministry and provide spiritual and financial support for their education as servant leaders for the ministry of the whole people of God.

5. In keeping with ancient Christian teaching and our Wesleyan tradition, we affirm that ordination for the same, or equivalent order, is not repeatable. >VII: —< GBOD ¶ 304.1-5 = 303.1-5

¶ **305.** *Qualifications for Ordination*—1. Those whom the Church ordains shall be conscious of God's call to ordained ministry, and their call shall be acknowledged and authenticated by the Church. God's call has many manifestations, and the Church cannot structure a single test of authenticity. Nevertheless, the experience of the Church and the needs of its ministry require certain qualities of faith, life, and practice from those who seek

dedicate their whole lives to the personal and spiritual disciplines it requires.

4. The effectiveness of the Church in mission depends on these covenantal commitments to the ministry of all Christians and the ordained ministry of the Church. Through ordination and through other offices of pastoral leadership, the Church provides for the continuation of Christ's ministry, which has been committed to the church as a whole. Without creative use of the diverse gifts of the entire body of Christ, the ministry of the church is less effective. Without responsible leadership, the focus, direction, and continuity of that ministry is diminished. It is out of the faith and witness of the congregation that men and women respond to God's call to ordained ministry. Every local church should intentionally nurture candidates for ordained ministry and provide spiritual and financial support for their education as servant leaders for the ministry of the whole people of God.

5. In keeping with ancient Christian teaching and our Wesleyan tradition, we affirm that ordination for the same, or equivalent order, is not repeatable.

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>VII: —<

ordination as deacons and elders. In order that The United Methodist Church may be assured that those persons who present themselves as candidates for ordained ministry are truly called of God, the Church expects persons seeking ordination to:

a) Have a personal faith in Christ and be committed to Christ as Savior and Lord.

b) Nurture and cultivate spiritual disciplines and patterns of holiness.

c) Teach and model generous Christian giving with a focus on tithing as God's standard of giving.

d) Acknowledge a call by God to give themselves completely to ordained ministry following Jesus' pattern of love and service.

e) Communicate persuasively the Christian faith in both oral and written form.

f) Make a commitment to lead the whole Church in loving service to humankind.

g) Give evidence of God's gifts for ordained ministry, evidence of God's grace in their lives, and promise of future usefulness in the mission of the Church.

h) Be persons in whom the community can place trust and confidence.

i) Accept that Scripture contains all things necessary for salvation through faith in God through Jesus Christ; be competent in the disciplines of Scripture, theology, church history, and Church polity; possess the skills essential to the practice of ordained ministry; and lead in making disciples for Jesus Christ.

j) Be accountable to The United Methodist Church, accept its Doctrinal Standards and *Discipline* and authority, accept the supervision of those appointed to this ministry, and be prepared to live in the covenant of its ordained ministers.

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2. For the sake of the mission of Jesus Christ in the world and the most effective witness to the Christian gospel, and in consideration of the influence of an 2. For the sake of the mission of Jesus Christ in the world and the most effective witness to the Christian gospel, and in consideration of the influence of an ordained clergy on the lives of other persons both within and outside the Church, the Church expects those who seek ordination to make a complete dedication of themselves to the highest ideals of the Christian life. To this end, they agree to exercise responsible self-control by personal habits conducive to bodily health, mental and emotional maturity, integrity in all personal relationships, fidelity in marriage and celibacy in singleness, social responsibility, and growth in grace and in the knowledge and love of God.

3. While persons set apart by the Church for ordained ministry are subject to all the frailties of the human condition and the pressures of society, they are required to maintain the highest standards of holy living in the world. The practice of homosexuality is incompatible with Christian teaching. Therefore self-avowed practicing homosexuals¹ are not to be certified as candidates, ordained as ministers, or appointed to serve in The United Methodist Church.²

4. The United Methodist Church entrusts those persons who are in the ordained ministry with primary responsibility for maintaining standards of education and preparation for ordination. Having been originally recommended by a charge conference or equivalent body (¶ 309.2*c*) and approved by the clergy session of the annual conference, persons are elected to membership in the annual conference and ordained by the bishop.

5. In all votes regarding license, ordination, or conference membership, the requirements set forth herein are minimum requirements only.

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5. In all votes regarding license, ordination, or conference membership, the requirements set forth herein are minimum requirements <u>only</u>. Each person voting is expected to vote prayerfully based on personal judgment of the applicant's gifts, evidence of God's grace, and promise of future usefulness for the mission of the Church.

6. In central conferences, the annual conference, upon recommendation of its Board of Ordained Ministry, may create an executive committee of the Board, district committees on ordained ministry, or other appropriate structure, as it serves the need to carry out the work of the Board of Ordained Ministry, and assign and delegate to such structures the appropriate tasks and responsibilities it chooses. With regard to mandated sub-units of the Board of Ordained Ministry and their respective tasks and responsibilities, jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the <i>Discipline</i> . >VII: —< GBOD ¶ 305.1-5 = 304.1-5; 305.6=new ^{1.} " <i>Self-avowed practicing homosexual</i> " is understood to mean that a person openly acknowledges to a bishop, district superintendent, district committee of ordained ministry, Board of Ordained Ministry, or clergy session that person is a practicing homosexual. Judicial Council Decisions 702, 708, 722, 725, 764, 844, 984, 1020. ² See Judicial Council Decisions 984, 985, 1027, 1028.	 6. In central conferences, the annual conference, upon recommendation of its Board of Ordained Ministry, may create an executive committee of the Board, district committees on ordained ministry, or other appropriate structure, as it serves the need to carry out the work of the Board of Ordained Ministry, and assign and delegate to such structures the appropriate tasks and responsibilities it chooses. With regard to mandated sub-units of the Board of Ordained Ministry and their respective tasks and responsibilities, jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the <i>Discipline</i>. >VII: —< *Self-avowed practicing homosexual" is understood to mean that a person openly acknowledges to a bishop, district superintendent, district committee of ordained ministry, Board of Ordained Ministry, or clergy session that person is a practicing homosexual. Judicial Council Decisions 702, 708, 722, 725, 764, 844, 984, 1020. 	
¶ 306. Order of Deacons and Order of Elders—All persons ordained as clergy-upon election to full membership in the annual conference shall be members of and participate in an order appropriate to their election. An order is a covenant community within the church to mutually support, care for, and hold accountable its members for the sake of the life and mission of the church. These orders, separately or together, seek to respond to the spiritual hunger among clergy for a fulfilling sense of vocation, for support among peers, and for a deepening relationship with God. >VII:306.001-306.002< GBOD ¶ 306 = 306	[306] ¶ 306. Order of Deacons and Order of Elders- There shall be in each annual conference an Order of Deacons and an Order of Elders. All persons ordained as clergy in The United Methodist Church upon election to full membership in the annual conference shall be members of and participate in an order appropriate to their election. An order is a covenant community within the church to mutually support, care for, and hold accountable its members for the sake of the life and mission of the church. These orders, separately or together, seek to respond to the spiritual hunger among clergy for a fulfilling sense of vocation, for support among peers during this stressful time of change in the Church, and for a deepening relationship with God.	

	<u>>VII:<</u>	
¶ 307. <i>Changing Orders</i> —1. Upon recommendation of	[309] ¶ 307. <u>Changing Orders</u> <u>Membership in an Order</u> -	BOD 307 = GBOD 306.001
the Board of Ordained Ministry and vote of the clergy	1. Persons shall become members of the Order of	BOD 308 = GBOD 306.002
session of the annual conference, elders may be received	Deacons or Order of Elders following their election to	
as deacons in full connection, and deacons in full	full membership in the annual conference. Acceptance	
connection may be received as elders, provided they are	of the status of full membership will constitute a	
in good standing and have:	commitment to regular participation in the life of the	
a) informed the bishop and district superintendent	order.	
of their intention,	<u>1.2.</u> Changing Orders-Upon recommendation of the	
b) applied in writing to the Board of Ordained	Board of Ordained Ministry and vote of the clergy	
Ministry,	session of the members in full connection in an annual	
c) articulated to the Board of Ordained Ministry	conference, elders may be received as deacons in full	
their call to the ministry of the deacon or the elder.	connection, and deacons in full connection may be	
d) completed all requirements for admission to the	received as elders, provided they are in good standing	
order for which they apply, ¶¶320 and 324, and	and have:	
e) completed at least two years, and no more than	a) informed the bishop and district	
eight years, under appointment while licensed for the	superintendent of their intention,	
ministry of the order to which they are transitioning.	b) applied in writing to the Board of Ordained	
2. Such persons shall retain their credentials and	Ministry,	
full membership in the annual conference through the	c) articulated to the Board of Ordained Ministry	
transition period from one order to the other. When	their call to the ministry of the deacon or the elder.	
ordained to the order to which they are transitioning,	d) completed all academic and other	
they shall surrender to the conference secretary the	requirements for admission to the order for which they	
credentials of the order from which they are leaving.	are applying, BOD¶ ¶ <u>320 and 324</u> 324, 330, & 335 , and	
>VII:—<	<i>e</i>) completed at least two years, and no more than	
GBOD ¶ 307.1+2 = 309.2+3	eight years, under appointment while licensed for the	
	ministry of the order to which they are transitioning.	
	2.3. Such persons shall retain their credentials and	
	full membership in the annual conference through the	
	transition period from one order to the other. When	
	ordained to the order to which they are transitioning,	
	they shall surrender to which they are transitioning, they shall surrender to the conference secretary the credentials of the order from which they are leaving. \geq VII: —<	

¶ 308. <i>General Provisions</i> —1. The annual conference	Section XVIII. General Provisions	
is the basic body of The United Methodist Church. The	[369] ¶ 308. <u>General Provisions-</u> 1. The annual	
clergy membership of an annual conference shall consist	conference is the basic body of The United Methodist	
of deacons and elders in full connection (¶¶ 325, 333),	Church. The clergy membership of an annual conference	
provisional members (¶ 323), associate members	shall consist of deacons and elders in full connection (¶¶	
(¶ 317), affiliate members (¶ 340.4), and local pastors	325 329 , 333), provisional members (¶ 323 327),	
(¶ 313). All clergy are amenable to the annual	associate members (¶ 317 344.4), affiliate members (¶¶	
conference in the performance of their duties in the	<u>340.4</u> 344.4, 586.4), and local pastors (¶ <u>313</u> 317). All	
positions to which they are appointed. ³	clergy are amenable to the annual conference in the	
2. Both men and women are included in all	performance of their duties in the positions to which they	
provisions of the <i>Discipline</i> that refer to the ordained	are appointed. ³	
ministry. ⁴	2. Both men and women are included in all	
3. There shall be an annual meeting of this	provisions of the <i>Discipline</i> that refer to the ordained	
covenant body, called "clergy session", in executive	ministry. ⁴	
session of all clergy members in full connection with the	3. In all cases where district committees on ordained	
annual conference, with voting rights as specified by the	ministry, boards of ordained ministry, or clergy in	BOD 369.3-4=GBOD 308.001
<i>Discipline</i> , at the site of the regular session of the annual	executive session vote on granting any status regarding	
conference, or at an alternative time and location	license, ordination, or conference membership, it is	
determined by the bishop after consultation with the	understood that the requirements set forth herein are	
cabinet and the Board of Ordained Ministry, to consider	minimum requirements only. Each person voting is	
questions relating to matters of ordination, character,	expected to vote prayerfully based on his or her personal	
and conference relations. ⁵	judgment of the applicant's gifts, evidence of God's	
4. A special session of the annual conference	grace, and promise of future usefulness for the mission	
may be held at such time and at such place as the bishop	of the Church. ⁷⁵	
shall determine, after consultation with the cabinet and the Board of Ordained Ministry. A special clergy	4. All clergy members mentioned in ¶ 370.1 shall	
session shall have only such powers as stated in the call.	receive written communication about decisions made	
>VII: 308.001<	regarding their relationship with the annual conference.	
GBOD ¶ 308.1-4 = 369.1-2+5-6	<u>3.5.</u> There shall be an annual meeting of this	
³ See Judicial Council Decisions 327, 371.	covenant body, <u>called "clergy session", in executive</u>	
⁴ See Judicial Council Decisions 155, 317.	session of <u>all</u> clergy members in full connection with the	
⁵ See Judicial Council Decisions 406, 555, 1009.	annual conference, including both deacons and elders,	
	with voting rights as specified by the Discipline, at the	
	site of the regular session of the annual conference, or at	
	an alternative time and location determined by the	

	bishop after consultation with the cabinet and the executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry, to consider questions relating to matters of ordination, character, and conference relations. ⁵ <u>4.6</u> . A special session of the annual conference may be held at such time and at such place as the bishop shall determine, after consultation with the cabinet and the executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry. A special clergy session shall have only such powers as stated in the call. <u>>VII: 308.001</u> ³ See Judicial Council Decisions 327, 371. ⁴ See Judicial Council Decisions 406, 555, 1009.	
Section II. Candidacy for Licensed and Ordained Ministry ¶ 309. Candidacy and Certification for Licensed and Ordained Ministry—1. The licensed or ordained ministry is recognized by The United Methodist Church as a called-out and set-apart ministry. Therefore, it is appropriate that those persons who present themselves as candidates for licensed or ordained ministry be examined regarding the authenticity of their call by God to set-apart ministry. >VII: 309.001< 2. Those beginning candidacy for licensed or ordained ministry: a) shall be a professing member in good standing of The United Methodist Church or a baptized participant of a recognized United Methodist campus ministry or other United Methodist ministry setting for a minimum of one (1) year; b) shall request a meeting of the committee on pastor-parish relations or equivalent body to consider the statement of call and to be evaluated in light of Wesley's historic questions;	Section II_HI. Candidacy for Licensed and Ordained Ministry [310] ¶ 309. Candidacy and Certification for Licensed and Ordained Ministry—1. The licensed or ordained ministry is recognized by The United Methodist Church as a called-out and set-apart ministry. Therefore, it is appropriate that those persons who present them- selves as candidates for licensed or ordained ministry be examined regarding the authenticity of their call by God to set-apart ministry. >VII: 309.001<	

(1) Do they know God as pardoning God? Have they the love of God abiding in them? Do they desire nothing but God? Are they holy in all manner of conversation?

(2) Have they gifts, as well as evidence of God's grace, for the work? Have they a clear, sound understanding; a right judgment in the things of God; a just conception of salvation by faith? Do they speak justly, readily, clearly?

(3) Have they fruit? Have any been truly convinced of sin and converted to God, and are believers edified by their service? As long as these marks occur in them, we believe they are called of God to serve. These we receive as sufficient proof that they are moved by the Holy Spirit.

c) Upon recommendation of the candidate by the committee on pastor-parish relations or equivalent body approved by the Board on ordained ministry, the charge conference shall meet to recommend the candidate in written ballot by two thirds majority to the Board of Ordained Ministry.

>VII: 309.002<

3. Candidates recommended by the charge conference and seeking to become certified for licensed or ordained ministry shall meet with the Board of Ordained Ministry. The Board of Ordained Ministry may require the candidate to provide written material and reports according to its guidelines. These shall include, but are not limited to, written answers to questions about call, experience of faith and ministry and understanding of the Christian faith; psychological reports, criminal background, an official statement detailing any convictions for felony or misdemeanor or written accusations of sexual misconduct or child abuse. >VII: 309.003; 309.004; 309.005< GBOD ¶ 309.1 = 310.Intro; 309.2=310.1; 309.3=310.2a+b *a)* shall be a professing member in good standing of The United Methodist Church or a baptized participant of a recognized United Methodist campus ministry or other United Methodist ministry setting for a minimum of one (1) year;

b) shall write to the district superintendent requesting admission to the candidacy process and the assignment of a candidacy mentor. Include a statement of call. Request registration through the district superintendent with the General Board of Higher Education and Ministry;

c) after registration by the district superintendent with the General Board of Higher Education and Ministry, mentor and candidate will study the resources adopted by the conference Board of Ordained Ministry;

<u>b)</u>d) shall write their statement of call. The candidate will consult with the pastor or equivalent in a ministry setting specified by the district committee on ordained ministry to shall request a meeting of the committee on pastor-parish relations committee or equivalent body specified by the district committee on ordained ministry to consider the statement of call and to be interviewed evaluated in light of Wesley's historic questions;

(1) Do they know God as pardoning God? Have they the love of God abiding in them? Do they desire nothing but God? Are they holy in all manner of conversation?

(2) Have they gifts, as well as evidence of God's grace, for the work? Have they a clear, sound understanding; a right judgment in the things of God; a just conception of salvation by faith? Do they speak justly, readily, clearly?

(3) Have they fruit? Have any been truly convinced of sin and converted to God, and are believers edified by their service?

As long as these marks occur in them, we believe they are called of God to serve. These we

Moved to adaptable portions BOD 310.1b = GBOD 309.002 BOD 310.2a-e+.3=GBOD 309.003

	receive as sufficient proof that they are moved by the Holy Spirit. <u>ec</u>) after approvalUpon_recommendation of the candidate by the <u>committee on</u> pastor-parish relations committee approved by the Board on ordained ministry, shall meet with athe charge conference or body specified by the district committee on ordained ministry called <u>shall meet</u> to recommend the candidate to the district committee on ordained ministry. Approval of the candidate must be by two- thirdsin written ballot by two thirds majority to the Board of Ordained Ministry., and the candidate shall have been graduated from an accredited high school or received a certificate of equivalency. <u>>VII: 309.002</u> <u>3.2</u> . Candidates <u>recommended by the charge</u> conference and seeking to become certified for licensed or ordained ministry. The Board of Ordained Ministry may require the candidate to provide written material and reports according to its guidelines. These shall include but are not limited to, written answers to questions about call, experience of faith; psychological reports, criminal background, an official statement detailing any convictions for felony or misdemeanor or written accusations of sexual misconduct or child abuse. <u>>VII: 309.003; 309.004; 309.005</u>	
¶ 310. <i>Continuation of Certified Candidates</i> —1. The progress of certified candidates shall be reviewed annually by the Board of Ordained Ministry which may continue the candidacy when the following conditions have been met satisfactorily, ⁶ but for no more than twelve years following certification:	[313] ¶ 310. Continuation of <u>Certified Candidates</u> <u>Candidacy</u> <u>1.</u> The progress of <u>certified</u> candidates shall be reviewed annually by the district committee on <u>Board of</u> ordained ministry which shall interview the candidate annually and may then continue the candidacy when the following conditions have been met satisfactorily, ⁶ -but for no more than twelve years <u>following certification:</u>	BOD 311=GBOD 309.004 BOD 312=GBOD 309.005

 2. The certified candidate has received the annual recommendation of his or her charge conference. 3. The certified candidate is making satisfactory progress in his or her studies. 4. The certified candidate continues to evidence gifts, fruits and God's grace for the work of ministry. >VII: 310.001 GBOD ¶ 310.1-4 = 313.Intro+5; +1-3 ⁶ See Judicial Council Decision 1263 	 2.1. The <u>certified</u> candidate has received the annual recommendation of his or her charge conference or equivalent body as specified by the district committee on ordained ministry (see ¶ 310.3). 3.2. The <u>certified</u> candidate is making satisfactory progress in his or her studies.—A candidate preparing for ordained ministry who is enrolled as a student in a school, college, university, or school of theology recognized by the University Senate shall present annually to the district committee on ordained ministry an official transcript from the school the person is attending and provide a report as to whether his or her local church is supporting him or her spiritually and financially (see ¶ 247.8). The transcript shall be considered by the district committee on ordained ministry as part of the evidence of his or her progress. The report of local church financial support—may be used by the district superintendent to express gratitude for this support or encourage a local congregation to improve its basic care for those it recommends. 4.3. The <u>certified</u> candidate continues to evidence gifts, fruits and God's grace for the work of ministry. 4. A person who is a certified candidate or who is in the candidacy process may have her or his status or studies accepted by another district committee in the same or another annual conference. 5. A certified candidate may be continued as a candidate for no more than twelve years following certification (¶ 324.1). >VII: 310.001 ⁶ See Judicial Council Decision 1263 	Some pieces of this moved to adaptable portions
¶ 311. <i>Discontinuance and Reinstatement of Certified</i> <i>Candidates</i> —Certified candidates may be discontinued on their own request, upon severing their relationship with the United Methodist Church, or upon action by the Board of Ordained Ministry. The Board of Ordained	[314.2] ¶ 311. Discontinuance and Reinstatement of Certified Candidates—1. Discontinuance of a Certified Candidate—Certified candidates may be discontinued on their own request, upon severing their relationship with The United Methodist Church, or upon action to discontinue by the district committee	BOD 313.2+4=GBOD 310.001

Ministry shall keep a permanent record of the circumstances relating to discontinuance. Certified candidates whose status has been discontinued by the Board of Ordained Ministry shall only be reinstated by the same Board. In jurisdictional conferences, this paragraph shall also be implemented by their respective committees on ordained ministry. >VII:< GBOD ¶ 311 = 314.2	 on Board of ordained ministry. The district committee on Board of ordained ministry shall file with the conference Board of Ordained Ministry keep a permanent record of the circumstances relating to the discontinuance of the certified candidate. 2. Reinstatement of Certified Candidate's Status - Certified can-didates whose status has been discontinued by a district committee on the Board of ordained ministry of an annual conference of The United Methodist Church shall only be reinstated by the same Board. district committee of the district in which they were discontinued. When approved by the district committee on ordained ministry, their certified candidate's credentials shall be reissued and they shall be eligible to continue the process. In jurisdictional conferences, this paragraph shall also be implemented by their respective committees on ordained ministry. 	
Section III. License for Pastoral Ministry ¶ 312. License for Pastoral Ministry—1. All persons not ordained as elders who are appointed to preach and conduct divine worship and perform the duties of a pastor shall have a license for pastoral ministry. The Board of Ordained Ministry may recommend to the clergy session of the annual conference the licensing of those persons who have provided the reports and statements required by the Board, and who are in one of the following categories: 2. Provisional elders to be commissioned by the annual conference, 3. Local pastors who have completed the conditions for candidacy certification, and the studies for the license as a local pastor. 4. Associate members of the annual conference; 5. Deacons in full connection, seeking to qualify for ordination as an elder;	 Section III.4V. License for Pastoral Ministry [315] ¶ 312. License for Pastoral Ministry—1. All persons not ordained as elders who are appointed to preach and conduct divine worship and perform the duties of a pastor shall have a license for pastoral ministry. The Board of Ordained Ministry (¶ 635.2h) may recommend to the clergy session of the annual conference the licensing of those persons who arehave provided the reports and statements required by the Board, and who are in one of the following categories: 2.4. Provisional elders to be commissioned by the annual conference, or 3.2. Local pastors who have completed the conditions for candidacy certification, and the studies for the license as a local pastor.the following: a) The conditions for candidacy certification in ¶¶ 310.1-2; b) The Orientation to Ministry; 	BOD 315.2=GBOD 312.001

6. Licensed or ordained clergy from other denominations who have training equivalent to the studies for license as a local pastor. >VII: 312.001< GBOD ¶ 312.1-6 = 315.Intro+.1-5	 c) The studies for the license as a local pastor as prescribed and supervised by the Division of Ordained Ministry or one third of their work for a Master of Divinity degree at a school of theology listed by the University Senate; d) Been examined and recommended by a three fourths majority vote of the district committee on ordained ministry (¶ 666.9); or 4.3 Associate members of the annual conference; 5.4 Deacons in full connection, seeking to qualify for ordination as an elder; or <u>6.5-</u>. Licensed or ordained clergy from other denominations who have training equivalent to the studies for license as a local pastor prescribed by the Division of Ordained Ministry, but do not meet the educational requirements for provisional membership in the annual conference. 	
		Original subsection 6 moved to adaptable portion
¶ 313. <i>Responsibilities and Duties of Those Licensed</i> <i>for Pastoral Ministry</i> —1. Provisional elders approved annually by the Board of Ordained Ministry and local pastors approved annually by the Board of ordained ministry may be licensed by the bishop to perform all the duties of a pastor (¶334), including the sacraments of baptism and Holy Communion as well as the service of marriage (where state laws allow), ⁷ burial, confirmation, and membership reception, within and while appointed to a particular charge or extension	[316] ¶ 313. Responsibilities and Duties of Those Licensed for Pastoral Ministry—1. Provisional elders approved annually by the Board of Ordained Ministry and local pastors approved annually by the district committee on Board of ordained ministry may be licensed by the bishop to perform all the duties of a pastor (¶ <u>334</u> 340), including the sacraments of baptism and Holy Communion as well as the service of marriage (where state laws allow), ⁷ burial, confirmation, and membership reception, within and while appointed to a particular charge or extension	

	minister For the manages of these manuals of	1
ministry. For the purposes of these paragraphs the	ministry. For the purposes of these paragraphs the	
charge or extension ministry shall be defined as "people	charge or extension ministry will shall be defined	
within or related to the community or ministry setting	as "people within or related to the community or ministry setting being served." Those licensed for	
being served." Those licensed for pastoral ministry may	pastoral ministry may be appointed to extension	
be appointed to extension ministry settings when	ministry settings when approved by the bishop and the	
approved by the bishop and Board of Ordained	Board of Ordained Ministry.	
Ministry.	2. Such authorization granted by the license may	
-	be renewed annually by the district committee or the	
2. Licensed clergy shall be amenable to the	Board of Ordained Ministry.	Subsections 2, 3, and 4 moved
clergy session of the annual conference in the	3. The license shall remain valid only so long as	to adaptable portions
performance of their pastoral duties and shall attend the	the appointment continues and shall be recertified by	1 1
sessions of the annual conference.	the bishop when assignments change between sessions	BOD 316.2-4+7-8=GBOD
3. The membership of local pastors under full-	of the annual conference. ⁶	313.001
time and part-time appointment is in the annual	4. A local pastor shall be under the supervision of	
conference where they shall have the right to vote on all	a district superintendent and shall be assigned a clergy	
matters except constitutional amendments, election of	mentor while in the Course of Study or in seminary (¶	
delegates to General, central, or jurisdictional	348).	
conference, and matters of ordination, character, and	2.5. Local pastors Licensed clergy shall be	
	amenable to the clergy session of the annual	
conference relations of clergy.	conference in the performance of their pastoral duties	
Licensed clergy who fulfill the requirements of	and shall attend the sessions of the annual conference.	
¶ 35 may vote to elect clergy delegates to General and	<u>3.6.</u> The membership of local pastors under full-	
central or jurisdictional conferences. ⁸	time and part- time appointment is in the annual	
>VII: 313.001<	conference where they shall have the right to vote on	
GBOD ¶ 313.1 = 316.1; 313.2=316.5; 313.3=316.6	all matters except constitutional amendments, election	
⁷ See Judicial Council Decision 694.	of delegates to General, jurisdictional, or central, or	
⁸ See Judicial Council Decision 1181 and ¶35.	jurisdictional conferences, and matters of ordination,	
	character, and conference relations of clergy.	
	Local pastorsLicensed clergy who have completed	
	Course of Study or a Master of Divinity degree and	
	have served a minimum of two consecutive years	
	under appointment before the election fulfill the	
	requirements of BOD¶ 35 may vote to elect clergy	
	delegates to General and jurisdictional or central or	Subsection 7, 8 moved to
	8	adaptable portion
	jurisdictional conferences.	
	<u>>VII: 313.001<</u>	
	⁷ See Judicial Council Decision 694.	
	⁸ See Judicial Council Decision 1181 and ¶35.	

¶ 314. <i>Categories of Local Pastor</i> —Each central conference shall establish what categories of Local Pastor will be recognized, as well as educational or other requirements necessary for each category. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the <i>Discipline</i> . >VII: 314.001< GBOD ¶ 314=318Intro	¶ 314. <i>Categories of Local Pastor</i> — [318] Each central conference shall establish what categories of Local Pastor will be recognized, as well as educational or other requirements necessary for each category. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the <i>Discipline</i> . >VII: 314.001<	BOD 318=GBOD 314.001
 315. Continuance as a Local Pastor—1. Upon successful continuance or completion of required studies, and other qualifications, a local pastor may be recommended for continuance by the Board of Ordained Ministry to the clergy session of the annual conference for annual approval.⁹ 2. None of the provisions in this legislation shall be interpreted to change or limit authorizations to local pastors ordained as deacon prior to 1996.¹⁰ >VII: 315.001 GBOD ¶ 315.1-2=319.2+5 ⁹ Judicial Council Decision 1076. ¹⁰ Judicial Council Decision 1076. 	 [319] ¶ 315. Continuance as a Local Pastor—1. Persons licensed as local pastors who are not provisional members shall continue in college, in a program of theological education at an approved seminary, or in the Course of Study. <u>1.2</u>. Upon <u>successful continuance or</u> completion of required studies, and other qualifications, completing each year's education and other qualifications, a local pastor who is not a provisional member may be recommended for continuance by the district committee on Board of ordained ministry. The to the clergy members in full connection session of the annual conference for annual approval may approve continuance of a local pastor after reference to and recommendation by its Board of Ordained Ministry.⁹ 3. A full-time local pastor shall complete the Course of Study curriculum within eight years and a part time local pastor within twelve, unless a family situation or other circumstance precludes the local pastor's opportunity to meet said requirements. The local pastor may be granted an annual extension beyond the pre-seribed limit upon a three fourths vote of the district committee on ordained ministry, recommendation by the conference Board of Ordained Ministry, and the vote of the clergy members in full connection. 4. A local pastor may choose to remain in a local relationship with the annual conference upon having completed the Course of Study. 	BOD 319=GBOD 315.001

	 2.5. None of the provisions in this legislation shall be interpreted to change or limit authorizations to local pastors ordained as deacon and elder prior to 1996.¹⁰ >VII: 315.001 ⁹ Judicial Council Decision 1076. 	
¶ 316 . Exiting, Reinstatement, and Retirement of Local Pastors 1. Discontinuance of Local Pastors—Whenever a local pastor retires or is no longer approved for appointment by the annual conference, whenever any local pastor severs relationship with The United Methodist Church, whenever the appointment of a local pastor is discontinued by the bishop, or whenever the Board of Ordained Ministry does not recommend continuation of license, license shall be surrendered to the district superintendent for deposit with the secretary of the conference. After consultation with the district superintendent and the pastor, the former local pastor shall designate the local church in which membership shall be held. The Board of Ordained Ministry shall file with the resident bishop a permanent record of the circumstances relating to the discontinuance of local pastor status. 2. Withdrawal Under Complaints and Charges—When a local pastor is accused of a chargeable offense under ¶ 2702 and desires to withdraw from the Church, the procedures described in Judicial Administration shall apply. 3. Reinstatement of Local Pastor Status—Local pastors who have been discontinued from an annual	 [320] ¶ 316. Exiting, Reinstatement, and Retirement of Local Pastors Who Are Not Provisional Members—1. Discontinuance of Local Pastor—Whenever a local pastor retires or is no longer approved for appointment by the annual conference as required in ¶ 318, whenever any local pastor severs relationship with The United Methodist Church, whenever the appointment of a local pastor is discontinued by the bishop, or whenever the district committee on Board of ordained ministry does not recommend continuation of license, license and credentials shall be surrendered to the district superintendent for deposit with the secretary of the conference. After consultation with the district superintendent and the pastor, the former local pastor shall designate the local church in which membership shall be held. The Board of Ordained Ministry shall file with the resident bishop a permanent record of the circumstances relating to the discontinuance of local pastor status—as required in ¶ 635.3d. 2. Withdrawal Under Complaints and Charges—When a local pastor is accused of an a chargeable offense under ¶ 2702 and desires to withdraw from the Church, the procedures described in <u>Judicial Administration</u> ¶ 2719.2 shall apply. 	BOD 320=GBOD 316.001
conference of The United Methodist Church may be reinstated only by the annual conference that previously	<u>3.4.</u> Reinstatement of Local Pastor Status—Local pastors whose approved status has have been	

approved them, or its legal successor, only upon recommendation by the respective Board of ordained ministry, and the cabinet. Persons seeking reinstatement shall provide evidence that they have been members of a local United Methodist church for at least one year prior to their request for reinstatement and have been recommended by its charge conference. When approved by the clergy session of the annual conference their license and credentials shall be restored, and they shall be eligible for appointment.

4. *Retirement of Local Pastor*—Upon retirement, a local pastor who has made satisfactory progress in the Course of Study may be recognized as a retired local pastor. Retired local pastors may attend annual conference sessions with voice but not vote. A retired local pastor may be appointed by the bishop to a charge.

>VII: 316.001< GBOD ¶ 316.1-4 = 320.1-2+4-5

discontinued from an annual conference of The United Methodist Church or one of its legal predecessors may be reinstated only by the annual conference that previously approved them, or its legal successor, or the annual conference of which the major portion of their former conference is a part, only upon recommendation by the district committee on ordained ministry from which their license was discontinued, the respective Board of Ordained Ministry, and the cabinet. Persons seeking reinstatement shall provide evidence that they have been members of a local United Methodist church for at least one year prior to their request for reinstatement and have been recommended by its charge conference. The district committee shall require a recommendation from the chargeconference where his or her membership is currently held. When approved by the clergy members in full connection as provided in ¶ 337, session of their annual conference their license and credentials shall be restored, and they shall be eligible for appointment-as pastors of a charge. They shall complete current studies and meet requirements as provided in ¶¶ 315, 318.

Whenever persons whose approval as local pastors has been discontinued by an annual conference are being considered for appointment or temporary employment in another annual conference, the Board of Ordained Ministry where these persons are being considered shall obtain from the Board of Ordained Ministry of the conference where approval has been discontinued verification of their qualifications and information about the circumstances relating to the termination of their approval as local pastors.

<u>4.-5.</u> Retirement of Local Pastor-<u>AUpon</u> retirement, <u>a</u> local pastor who has made satisfactory progress in the Course of Study <u>-as</u> specified in <u>1318.1 or .2</u> may be recognized as a retired local pastor. Retirement provisions for local pastors shall be the same as those for clergy members

	in ¶ 358.1, .2, .4, with pensions payable in accordance with ¶ 1506.5 <i>a</i> . Retired local pastors may attend annual conference sessions with voice but not vote. A retired local pastor may be appointed by the bishop to a charge- and licensed upon recommendation by the district committee on ordained ministry without creating additional claim upon the conference minimum compensation nor further pension credit. >VII: 316.001<	
Section IV. Associate Membership ¶ 317. Eligibility and Rights of Associate Members—1. Associate members of an annual conference are in the itinerant ministry of the Church (see ¶ 334) and are available on a continuing basis for appointment by the bishop. They shall be amenable to the annual conference in the performance of their ministry. ¹¹ 2. Associate members shall have a right to vote in the annual conference on all matters except the following: (<i>a</i>) constitutional amendments; (<i>b</i>) all matters of ordination, character, and conference relations of clergy. 3. Associate members may serve on any board, commission, or committee of an annual conference. They shall not be eligible for election as delegates to the General or central or jurisdictional conferences. 4. Associate members shall be subject to the provisions for ordained elders governing sabbatical leave, leave of absence, location, retirement, minimum salary, and pension. >VII: —< GBOD ¶ 317.1-4 = 321.Intro+.1-3 ¹¹ See Judicial Council Decision 1226.	Section <u>IV</u> V. Associate Membership [321] ¶ 317. Eligibility and Rights of Associate Members— <u>1</u> . Associate members of an annual conference are in the itinerant ministry of the Church (see GBOD¶334) and are available on a continuing basis for appointment by the bishop. They offer themselves without reserve to be appointed (and to serve as their superiors in office shall direct). They shall be amenable to the annual conference in the performance of their ministry. ¹¹ and shall be granted the same security of appointment as provisional members and members in full connection. 2.1. Associate members shall have a right to vote in the annual conference on all matters except the following: (a) constitutional amendments; (b) all matters of ordination, character, and conference relations of clergy. 3.2. Associate members may serve on any board, commission, or committee of an annual conference. They shall not be eligible for election as delegates to the General or jurisdictional or central or jurisdictional conferences. <u>4.3</u> . Associate members shall be subject to the provisions for ordained elders governing sabbatical leave, leave of absence, location, retirement, minimum salary, and pension. .>VII:—< ¹¹ See Judicial Council Decision 1226.	***

¶ 318. Requirements for Election as Associate Members – 1. Local pastors may be elected to associate membership by a three-forth majority vote of the clergy session of the annual conference, upon recommendation by a three-fourths majority vote of the Board of Ordained Ministry, when they have met the following conditions: They shall have: (1) served four years as full- time local pastors; (2) completed the educational requirements for the Course of Study; (3) have reached the age requirements; and (4) fulfilled the requirements stated in ¶ 320.4-8, applicable to associate membership. >VII: 318.001 2. Each central conference shall establish provisions for such requirements or delegate it to its annual conferences. Annual conferences in jurisdictions shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the Discipline. GBOD ¶ 318.1 = 322.1; 318.2=new	[322] ¶ 318. Requirements for Election as Associate Members—1. Local pastors may be elected to associate membership by a three-fourths majority vote of the clergy session <u>of</u> the annual conference, upon recommendation by a three-fourths majority vote of the Board of Ordained Ministry, when they have met the following conditions: <u>. They shall have: (1) been recommended to the clergy session based on a three- fourths majority vote of the conference Board of Ordained Ministry; (2) reached age forty; (3) <u>They shall have: (1)</u> served four years as full-time local pastors; (2)(4) completed the <u>educational</u> requirements for the Course of Study; (3) have reached the age requirements; and (4) fulfilled the requirements stated in GBOD¶ 320.4-8, applicable to associate membership. >VII: 318.001< <u>2. Each central conference shall establish provisions</u> for such requirements or delegate it to its annual <u>conferences</u>. Annual conferences in jurisdictions shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the <u>Discipline</u>.</u>	Rest of paragraph moved to adaptable portion BOD 322=GBOD 318.001
¶ 319. <i>Fellowship of Local Pastors and Associate</i> <i>Members</i> —Each annual conference shall organize a Fellowship of Local Pastors and Associate Members or, where numbers are too small, combine activities with the clergy orders. >VII: 319.001< GBOD ¶ 319 = 323Intro	[323] ¶ 319. <i>Fellowship of Local Pastors and</i> <i>Associate Members</i> —Each annual conference shall organize a Fellowship of Local Pastors and Associate Members <u>or</u> , where numbers are too small, combine <u>activities with the clergy orders</u> . <u>>VII: 319.001<</u>	BOD 323=GBOD 319.001
Section V. Provisional Membership ¶ 320. Qualifications for Election to Provisional Membership—1. A person shall be eligible for election to provisional membership in the annual conference by a three-fourths majority vote of the clergy session on recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry	Section <u>V.VI.</u> Provisional Membership [324] ¶ 320. <i>Qualifications for Election to</i> <i>Provisional Membership</i> — <u>1.</u> A person shall be eligible for election to provisional membership in the annual conference by a three-fourths majority vote of the clergy session on recommendation of its Board of	Rest of paragraph moved to adaptable portions

after meeting the following qualifications. ¹²	Ordained Ministry after meeting the following	
>VII: 320.001<	qualifications. ¹²	BOD 324.35 = GBOD 320.003
2. Candidacy Requirement: Each candidate shall	\geq VII: 320.001 \leq	BOD 324.6c = GBOD 320.004
have been a certified candidate for at least one year.	<u>2.1.</u> Candidacy Requirement: Each candidate	BOD 324.8 = GBOD 320.002
Those appointed as local pastors are clergy members of	shall have been a certified candidate for at least one year. Those appointed as local pastors are clergy	BOD 324.10 = GBOD 320.001
he annual conference and are no longer certified	members of the annual conference and are no longer	
candidates.	certified candidates $(\P 311)$.	
3. <i>Service Requirement:</i> Each candidate shall	<u>3.2.</u> Service Requirement: Each candidate shall	
have demonstrated his or her gifts for ministries of	have demonstrated his or her gifts for ministries of	
service and leadership to the satisfaction of the Board of	service and leadership to the satisfaction of the district	
Ordained Ministry as a condition of provisional	committee on <u>Board of</u> ordained ministry as a	
• •	condition for provisional membership.	
membership.	4. Each candidate shall file with the board a	
4. Each candidate shall file with the board a	written, concise, autobiographical statement regarding	
written, concise, autobiographical statement regarding	age, health, family status, Christian experience, call to	
age, health, family status, Christian experience, call to	ministry, educational record, formative Christian	
ministry, educational record, formative Christian	experiences, and plans for service in the Church.	
experiences, and plans for service in the Church.	>VII: 320.002<	
>VII: 320.002<	5. Each candidate shall submit documentation	
5. Each candidate shall submit documentation	that shall include but is not limited to psychological	
hat shall include but is not limited to psychological	reports, criminal background, an official statement	
reports, criminal background, an official statement	detailing any convictions for felony or misdemeanor or	
detailing any convictions for felony or misdemeanor or	written accusations of sexual misconduct or child	
written accusations of sexual misconduct or child abuse.	abuse.	
6. Educational Requirement: Candidates shall	6. Educational Requirement: Candidates shall	
nave completed theological studies in the Christian	have completed theological studies in the Christian	
faith. These studies shall include United Methodist	faith. These studies shall include United Methodist	
doctrine, polity and history. Each central conference	doctrine, polity and history. Each central conference	
shall establish provisions for its educational	shall establish provisions for its educational	
requirements.	requirements.	
Annual conferences in jurisdictions shall follow the	Annual conferences in jurisdictions shall follow	
procedures in Part VII of the Discipline. >VII: 320.003<	the procedures in Part VII of the Discipline.	
7. Local pastors may fulfill the educational	>VII: 320.003<	
requirements for provisional membership as elders	<u>7.6.</u> Local pastors may fulfill the	
when they have	educational requirements for provisional	
	membership as elders when they have:	

a) completed four years of full-time service	
or the equivalent	

b) completed the Course of Study and the Advanced Course of Study.

c) Each central conference shall establish provisions for its educational requirements for local pastors seeking provisional and full membership.¹³ Annual conferences in jurisdictions shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the *Discipline*. >VII: 320.004<

8. Each candidate shall respond to a doctrinal examination administered by the Board of Ordained Ministry. The examination shall cover the following:

a) Describe your personal experience of God and the understanding of God you derive from biblical, theological, and historical sources.

b) What is your understanding of evil as it exists in the world?

c) What is your understanding of humanity, and the human need for divine grace?

d) How do you interpret the statement Jesus Christ is Lord?

e) What is your conception of the activity of the Holy Spirit in personal faith, in the community of believers, and in responsible living in the world?

f) What is your understanding of the kingdom of God; the Resurrection; eternal life?

g) How do you intend to affirm, teach, and apply Part III of the *Discipline* (Doctrinal Standards and Our Theological Task) in your work in the ministry to which you have been called?

h) The United Methodist Church holds that the living core of the Christian faith was revealed in Scripture, illumined by tradition, vivified in personal experience, and confirmed by reason. What is your *a)* completed four years of full-time service or the equivalent;

b) satisfied all requirements of Sections 1-3 and 7-14 of this paragraph;

<u>b)</u>*c*) completed the Course of Study and the Advanced Course of Study.

<u>c)</u> Each central conference shall establish provisions for its educational requirements for local pastors seeking provisional and full membership.¹³

Annual conferences in jurisdictions shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the *Discipline*.

>VII: 320.004<

 $\underline{8.9}$. Each candidate shall respond to a written and oral doctrinal examination administered by the conference Board of Ordained Ministry. The examination shall cover the following:

a) Describe your personal experience of God and the understanding of God you derive from biblical, theological, and historical sources.

b) What is your understanding of evil as it exists in the world?

c) What is your understanding of humanity, and the human need for divine grace?

d) How do you interpret the statement Jesus Christ is Lord?

e) What is your conception of the activity of the Holy Spirit in personal faith, in the community of believers, and in responsible living in the world?

f) What is your understanding of the kingdom of God; the Resurrection; eternal life?

g) How do you intend to affirm, teach, and apply Part III of the *Discipline* (Doctrinal Standards and Our Theological Task) in your work in the ministry to which you have been called?

h) The United Methodist Church holds that the living core of the Christian faith was revealed in Scripture, illumined by tradition, vivified in personal understanding of this theological position of the Church?

i) Describe the nature and mission of the Church. What are its primary tasks today?

j) Discuss your understanding of the primary characteristics of United Methodist polity.

k) Explain your understanding of the distinctive vocations of the Order of Elder and the Order of Deacons. How do you perceive yourself, your gifts, your motives, your role, and your commitment as a provisional deacon or provisional elder in The United Methodist Church?

l) Describe your understanding of *diakonia*, the servant ministry of the church, and the servant ministry of the provisional member.

m) What is the meaning of ordination in the context of the general ministry of the Church?

n) Describe your understanding of an inclusive church and ministry.

o) You have agreed as a candidate for the sake of the mission of Jesus Christ in the world and the most effective witness of the gospel, and in consideration of the influence as a clergy, to make a complete dedication of yourself to the highest ideals of the Christian life, and to this end agree to exercise responsible self-control by personal habits conducive to bodily health, mental and emotional maturity, integrity in all personal relationships, fidelity in marriage and celibacy in singleness, social responsibility, and growth in grace and the knowledge and love of God. What is your understanding of this agreement?

p) Explain the role and significance of the sacraments in the ministry to which you have been called.

experience, and confirmed by reason. What is your understanding of this theological position of the Church?

i) Describe the nature and mission of the Church. What are its primary tasks today?

j) Discuss your understanding of the primary characteristics of United Methodist polity.

k) Explain your understanding of the distinctive vocations of the Order of Elders and the Order of Deacons. How do you perceive yourself, your gifts, your motives, your role, and your commitment as a provisional deacon or provisional elder in The United Methodist Church?

l) Describe your understanding of *diakonia*, the servant ministry of the church, and the servant ministry of the provisional member.

m) What is the meaning of ordination in the context of the general ministry of the Church?

n) Describe your understanding of an inclusive church and ministry.

o) You have agreed as a candidate for the sake of the mission of Jesus Christ in the world and the most effective witness of the gospel, and in consideration of their influence as ministers, to make a complete dedication of yourself to the highest ideals of the Christian life, and to this end agree to exercise responsible self-control by personal habits conducive to bodily health, mental and emotional maturity, integrity in all personal relationships, fidelity in marriage and celibacy in singleness, social responsibility, and growth in grace and the knowledge and love of God. What is your understanding of this agreement?

p) Explain the role and significance of the sacraments in the ministry to which you have been called.

10. Each candidate shall have been recommended in writing to the conference Board of Ordained Ministry, based on a three fourths majority vote of the district committee on ordained ministry.

 9. Each candidate shall have a personal interview with the Board of Ordained Ministry to complete his or her candidacy. 10. Each candidate shall have been recommended to the clergy session based on at least a three-fourths majority vote of the Board of Ordained Ministry. GBOD ¶ 320.1 = 324Intro; 320.2=324.1; 320.3=324.2; 320.4=324.13; 320.5=324.12; 320.6=324.5; 320.7=324.6; 320.8=324.9; 320.9=324.11; 320.10=324.14 ¹² See Judicial Council Decision 318. ¹³ See Judicial Council Decision 823, 1077. 	$\underline{8.11}$.Each candidate shall have a personal interview with the conference Board of Ordained Ministry to complete his or her candidacy. $\underline{9.14}$.Each candidate shall have been recommended in writing to the clergy session based on at least a three-fourths majority vote of the conference Board of Ordained Ministry. $\underline{10.}$ Each candidate shall have been recommended to the clergy session based on at least a three-fourths majority vote of the Board of Ordained Ministry.10.Each candidate shall have been recommended to the clergy session based on at least a three-fourths majority vote of the Board of Ordained Ministry.12See Judicial Council Decision 318. 1313See Judicial Council Decision 823, 1077.	
¶ 321. Commissioning – Commissioning is the act of the church that publicly acknowledges God's call and the response, talents, gifts and training of the candidate. The church invokes the Holy Spirit as the candidate is commissioned to be a faithful servant leader among the people, to lead the church in service, to proclaim the Word of God and to equip others for ministry. Commissioning of provisional members for ministry as elders by a Bishop implies the authority of a license for pastoral ministry for the time of provisional membership. >VII: 321.001< GBOD ¶ 321 = 325	[325] ¶ 321. Commissioning—Commissioning is the act of the church that publicly acknowledges God's call and the response, talents, gifts, and training of the candidate. The church invokes the Holy Spirit as the candidate is commissioned to be a faithful servant leader among the people, to lead the church in service, to proclaim the Word of God and to equip others for ministry. Commissioning of provisional members for ministry as elders by a Bishop implies the authority of a license for pastoral ministry for the time of provisional membership.	Rest of paragraph moved to adaptable portions BOD 325=GBOD 321.001
¶ 322. Service of Provisional Members—All persons who are provisional members shall be appointed by a bishop (¶ 406) and serve as a provisional member of the annual conference for a minimum of two years following the completion of education requirements for full connection. >VII: 322.001<	[326] ¶ 322. Service of Provisional Members—All persons who are provisional members shall be appointed by a bishop (BOD¶ 425) and serve as a provisional member of the annual conference for a minimum of two years following the completion of education requirements for full connection.	Rest of paragraph moved to adaptable portions BOD 326 = GBOD 322.001

GBOD ¶ 322 = 326.Intro		
§ 323. Eligibility and Rights of Provisional Membership—1. Provisional members are on probation as to character, servant leadership, and effectiveness in ministry in preparation for membership in full connection in the annual conference as deacons or elders. They are accountable to the annual conference, through the clergy session. Annually, the Board of Ordained Ministry shall review and evaluate their relationship and make recommendation to the clergy session of the annual conference regarding their continuance. No member shall be continued on provisional membership beyond the eighth regular session following their admission to provisional membership. Provisional members shall have the right to vote in the annual conference on all matters except the following: a) constitutional amendments; b) all matters of ordination, character, and conference relations of clergy. Provisional members may vote to elect clergy delegates to General and central or jurisdictional conferences.¹⁴ Provisional members may serve on any board, commission, or committee of the annual conference except the Board of Ordained Ministry. Discontinuance from Provisional Membership a). Provisional members may request discontinuance of this relationship or may be discontinued by the clergy session upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry. 	 [327] ¶ 323. Eligibility and Rights of Provisional Membership—1. Provisional members are on trial in preparation for membership in full connection in the annual conference as deacons or elders. They are on probation as to character, servant leadership, and effectiveness in ministry in preparation for membership in the annual conference, through the clergy session. The annual conference, through the clergy session. The annual conference, through the clergy session, has jurisdiction over provisional members. Annually, the Board of Ordained Ministry shall review and evaluate their relationship and make recommendation to the clergy session of the annual conference members in full connection regarding their continuance. No member shall be continued on provisional membership beyond the eighth regular session following their admission to provisional members who are preparing for deacon's or elder's orders may be ordained deacons or elders when they qualify for membership in full connection in the annual conference. 2. Provisional members shall have the right to vote in the annual conference on all matters except the following: a) constitutional amendments; b) all matters of ordination, character, and conference relations of clergy. 3. Provisional elergy members who have completed all of their educational requirements may vote to elect clergy delegates to General and jurisdictional or central or jurisdictional conferences.¹⁴ 4.3. Provisional members may serve on any board, commission, or committee of the annual conferences. 	

BOD 327 = GBOD 323.001

(1) Voluntary Discontinuance – When provisional members in good standing withdraw to unite with another denomination or to terminate their membership in The United Methodist Church, their action shall be considered a request for discontinuance of their relationship and their credentials shall be surrendered to a district superintendent.

(2) Involuntary Discontinuance – In the case of discontinuation without consent, prior to any final recommendation, a provisional member will be advised of the right to a fair process hearing before the committee on conference relations of the Board of Ordained Ministry. A report of the action will be made to the full board for final action. The provisions of fair process (¶ 352.2) shall be observed.

(3) Discontinuance Due to Time Limit - No member shall be continued on provisional membership beyond the eighth regular session following their admission to provisional membership.

b) When this relationship is discontinued, they shall no longer be permitted to exercise ministerial functions and shall return their credentials to the district superintendent for deposit with the secretary of the conference, and their membership shall be transferred by the district superintendent to the local church they designate after consultation with the pastor.

c) The Board of Ordained Ministry shall file with the resident bishop and the secretary of the conference a permanent record of the circumstances relating to discontinuance as a provisional member.

d) After discontinuance, provisional members may be classified and approved as local pastors in accordance with the provisions of BOD ¶313.

6. Provisional members may not be retired under the provisions of \P 349. Provisional members who have

4. Provisional members shall be amenable to the annual conference in the performance of their ministry and are subject to the provisions of the *Book of Discipline* in the performance of their duties. They shall be supervised by the district superintendent under whom they are appointed. They shall also be assigned a deacon or elder as mentor by the Board of Ordained Ministry. Provisional members preparing to become elders shall be eligible for appointment by meeting disciplinary provisions (¶ 315).

5. Provisional members in appointments beyond the local church shall relate themselves to the district superintendent in the area where their work is done. The district superintendent shall give them supervision and report annually to their Board of Ordained Ministry.

<u>5.6.</u> Discontinuance from Provisional Membership

<u>a)</u> Provisional members may request discontinuance of this relationship or may be discontinued by the clergy session upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry.

(1) Voluntary Discontinuance – When provisional members in good standing withdraw to unite with another denomination or to terminate their membership in The United Methodist Church, their action shall be considered a request for discontinuance of their relationship and their credentials shall be surrendered to a district superintendent.

(2) Involuntary Discontinuance – In the case of discontinuation without consent, prior to any final recommendation, a provisional member will be advised of the right to a fair process hearing before the committee on conference relations of the Board of Ordained Ministry. A report of the action will be made to the full board for final action. The provisions of fair process (¶ 352.2 361.2) shall be observed and there shall be a review by the administrative review committee under BOD¶ 636 prior to hearing by the annual conference.

reached the mandatory retirement age shall be automatically discontinued. Provisional elders may be classified as retired local pastors under the provisions of BOD ¶ 320.5. >VII: 323.001< GBOD ¶ 323.1=327Intro; 323.2-3=327.2; 323.4=327.3; 323.5-6=327.6-7 ¹⁴ See Judicial Council Decision 1181 and ¶ 35.	(3) Discontinuance Due to Time Limit – No member shall be continued on provisional membership beyond the eighth regular session following their admission to provisional membership. b) When this relationship is discontinued, they shall no longer be permitted to exercise ministerial functions and shall return their credentials to the district superintendent for deposit with the secretary of the conference, and their membership shall be transferred by the district superintendent to the local church they designate after consultation with the pastor. c) The Board of Ordained Ministry shall file with the resident bishop and the secretary of the conference a permanent record of the circumstances relating to discontinuance as a provisional members may be classified and approved as local pastors in accordance with the provision of BOD¶ 313. <u>6.7</u> . Provisional members may not be retired under the provisions of ¶ <u>349</u> <u>357</u> . Provisional members who have reached the mandatory retirement age shall be automatically discontinued. Provisional elders may be classified as retired local pastors under the provisions of BOD¶ 320.5. <u>>VII: 323.001</u>	
¶ 324 . <i>Requirements for Ordination as Deacon or Elder</i> <i>and Admission into Full Connection-</i> 1. Provisional members who are applying for admission into full connection and who have been provisional members for at least two years following the completion of educational requirements as specified in ¶324.4 may be admitted into membership in full connection in an annual conference upon recommendation by a three- fourths majority vote of the Board of Ordained Ministry and elected by a three-fourths majority vote of the	[330+335] ¶ 324 . Requirements for <u>Ordination as</u> <u>Deacon or Elder and Admission into Full Connection</u> and Ordination as Elder- <u>1</u> . Provisional members who are <u>applying for admission into candidates for</u> full connection and ordination as elders and have been provisional members for at least two years <u>following the</u> <u>completion of educational requirements as specified in</u> <u>BOM¶330.3</u> may be admitted into membership in full connection in an annual conference and approved for elder's ordination by three-fourths majority vote of the	BOD 331=GBOD 328.001 BOD 333=GBOD 329.001

clergy session.¹⁵ This process shall be informed by guidelines in Part III of the *Discipline* and shall focus upon the covenantal ministry of all Christians and the particular ministry to which the person has been ordained. Qualification requirements are:

2. *Membership requirement*- Each candidate for ordination and full membership shall have been previously elected as a provisional member.

3. *Service requirements*- They shall have served under episcopal appointment for at least two full annual conference years following the completion of the educational requirements. >VII: 324.001<

4. *Educational Requirements* – Prior to ordination and election to full membership all provisional members shall have fully completed the educational requirements.

5._The following questions are guidelines for the preparation of the examination:

a) Theology

(1) Give examples of how the practice of ministry has affected your experience and understanding of:

- (a) God
- (b) Humanity
- (c) The need for divine grace

(d) The Lordship of Jesus Christ

(*e*) The work of the Holy Spirit

(*f*) The meaning and significance of the Sacraments

(g) The kingdom of God

(*h*) Resurrection and eternal life

(2) How do you understand the

following traditional evangelical doctrines: (*a*) repentance; (*b*) justification; (*c*) regeneration; (*d*) sanctification? What are the marks of the Christian life? elergy members in full connection of the annual conference, upon recommendation by three-fourths majority vote of the Board of Ordained Ministry, and elected by a three-fourths majority vote of the clergy session.¹⁵ This process shall be informed by guidelines in Part III of the *Discipline* and shall focus upon the covenantal ministry of all Christians and the particular ministry to which the person has been ordained. Qualification requirements are:after they have qualified as follows.

2. *Membership requirement*- Each candidate for ordination and full membership shall have been previously elected as a provisional member.

<u>3. Service requirements-</u> They shall have: (1) served full-time under episcopal appointment for at least two full annual conference years-following the completion of the educational requirements.->VII: 324.001<

-specified in (3)(b) below

<u>A. Years of service for provisional deacons are</u> satisfied by serving in any of the appointment settings list in **GBOD325** (p.80).

<u>B.</u> Years of service for provisional elders are satisfied by serving in any ministry setting requiring the regular proclamation of the word, the administration of the sacraments, and the short or long-term ordering of the life of the community of faith may count toward the fulfillment of this requirement. Such ministry settings may include campus ministry, college and university chaplaincy, hospital and prison chaplaincy, military chaplaincy, overseas/mission work and other ministries so recognized by the Division of Ordained Ministry.

<u>C.</u> Upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry, an annual conference may equate <u>a provisional</u> <u>deacon or a provisional elder's</u> less than full-time to the (3) What are its primary challenges today?

(4) The United Methodist Church holds that Scripture, tradition, experience, and reason are sources and norms for belief and practice, but that the Bible is primary among them. What is your understanding of this theological position of the Church, and how has your practice of ministry been affected by this understanding?

> (5) How has the practice of ministry enriched your understanding of the meaning and significance of the sacraments?

> > b) Vocation

(1) How has the experience of ministry shaped your understanding of your vocation as an ordained deacon?

c) The Practice of Ministry

(1) Do you offer yourself to be appointed by the bishop to a service ministry?

(2) Describe and evaluate your personal gifts for ministry and how they have resulted in fruitful ministry. What would be your areas of strength and areas in which you need to be strengthened in order to be more fruitful in ministry?

(3) For the sake of the mission of Jesus Christ in the world and the most effective witness to the Christian gospel, and in consideration of your influence as an ordained clergy, are you willing to make a complete dedication of yourself to the highest ideals of the Christian life; and to this end will you agree to exercise responsible self-control by personal habits conducive to physical health, intentional intellectual development, fidelity in marriage and celibacy in singleness, integrity in all personal relationships, social

requirement of full-time service.

Such equivalence is to be determined in light of the years of service involved, the quality of that service, the maturity of the applicant, and other relevant factors. Supervision is to be (a) personally assumed or delegated by the district superintendent, and (b) assumed by a mentor assigned by the Board of Ordained Ministry. Their service shall be evaluated by the Board of Ordained Ministry as effective according to written guidelines developed by the board and adopted by the clergy members in full connection.⁴⁶ In rare cases, the Board of Ordained Ministry may, by a two-thirds vote, approve years of service in an autonomous Methodist church as meeting this requirement if adequate supervision has been provided; (2) been previously elected as provisional members; (3) met the following educational requirements: (a) graduation with a Bachelor of Arts or equivalent degree from a college or university listed by the University Senate, or demonstrated competency equivalence through a process designed in consultation with the General Board of Higher Education and Ministry; (b) graduation with a Master of Divinity degree from a school of theology listed by the University Senate, or its equivalent as determined by the General Board of Higher Education and Ministry: or (c) met the education requirements of \P 324.6 for local pastors; (d) educational requirements in every case shall include completion of the basic graduate theological studies of the Christian faith as outlined in ¶ 324.4(a); (4) satisfied the board regarding physical, mental, and emotional health; (5) prepared and preached at least one written sermon on a biblical passage specified by the Board of Ordained Ministry; (6) presented a detailed plan and outline for teaching a Bible study; (7) presented a project that demonstrates

responsibility, and growth in grace and the knowledge of the love of God?¹⁶

(4) Provide evidence of your willingness to relate yourself in ministry to all persons without regard to race, color, ethnicity, national origin, social status, gender, sexual orientation, age, economic condition, or disability.

(5) Will your regard all pastoral conversations of a confessional nature as a trust between the person concerned and God?

(6) Provide evidence of experience in peace and justice ministries.

6. A deacon shall be ordained by a bishop by the laying on of hands, employing the Order of Service for the Ordination of Deacons (¶ 405.5). The bishop shall be assisted by other deacons and may include laity designated by the bishop representing the Church community. Bishops in other communions may join the ordaining bishop in laying hands on the head of the candidate, while participating deacons and laity may lay hands on the back or shoulders of the candidate.

7. An elder shall be ordained by a bishop by the laying on of hands, employing the Order of Service for the Ordination of Elders ((\P 405.5) The bishop shall be assisted by other elders and may include laity designated by the bishop representing the Church community. Bishops in other communions may join the ordaining bishop in laying hands on the head of the candidate, while participating elders and laity may lay hands on the back or shoulders of the candidate.

8. Following election, the bishop and secretary of the conference shall provide a certificate of full membership in the annual conference, and following ordination, a certificate of ordination. GBOD ¶ 324 = 330+335 fruitfulness in carrying out the church's mission of "Making Disciples of Jesus Christ for the Transformation of the World"; (8) responded to a written or oral doctrinal examination administered by the Board of Ordained Ministry. The candidate should demonstrate the ability to communicate clearly in both oral and written form.

<u>4. Educational Requirements: Prior to ordination</u> and election to full membership all provisional members shall have fully completed the educational requirements.

5. Each central conference shall develop the specific requirements for completing the doctrinal examination for full membership and ordination.

The candidate's reflections and the board's response should be informed by the insights and guidelines of Part III of the *Discipline*.

<u>5.</u> The following questions are guidelines for the preparation of the examination:

a) Theology.

(1) Give examples of how the practice of ministry has affected your experience and understanding of:

(a) God

(b) Humanity

(c) The need for divine grace

(d) The Lordship of Jesus Christ

(e) The work of the Holy Spirit

(f) The meaning and significance of the sacraments

(g) The kingdom of God

(*h*) Resurrection and eternal life

(2) How do you understand the following traditional evangelical doctrines: (*a*) repentance; (*b*) justification; (*c*) regeneration; (*d*) sanctification? What are the marks of the Christian life?

GBOD ¶ 324.7 = new; 324.8=330.7; 324.9=333.3; 324.10=330.6/333.2 ¹⁵ See Judicial Council Decisions 157, 344, 1199. ¹⁶ See Judicial Council Decision 542.

(3) How has the practice of ministry informed your understanding of the nature and mission of the Church? What are its primary challenges today?
(4) The United Methodist Church holds that Scripture, tradition, experience, and reason are sources and norms for belief and practice, but that the Bible is primary among them. What is your understanding of this

theological position of the Church, and how has your practice of ministry been affected by this understanding? b) Vocation

(1) How has the experience of ministry shaped your understanding of your vocation as an ordained elder?

c) The Practice of Ministry

(1) How has the practice of ministry affected your understanding of the expectations and obligations of the itinerant system? Do you offer yourself without reserve to be appointed and to serve as the appointive authority may determine?

(2) Describe and evaluate your personal gifts for ministry and how they have resulted in fruitful ministry. What would be your areas of strength and areas in which you need to be strengthened in order to be more fruitful in ministry?

(3) For the sake of the mission of Jesus Christ in the world and the most effective witness to the Christian gospel and in consideration of your influence as an ordained minister, are you willing to make a complete dedication of yourself to the highest ideals of the Christian life; and to this end will you agree to exercise responsible self-control by personal habits conducive to physical health, intentional intellectual development, fidelity in marriage and celibacy in singleness, integrity in all personal relationships, social responsibility, and growth in grace and the knowledge and love of God?¹⁶

	(1) Describe exidence of -1	
	(4) Provide evidence of your willingness to	
	relate yourself in ministry with all persons without	
	regard to race, color, ethnicity, national origin, social	
	status, gender, sexual orientation, age, economic	
	condition, or disability.	
	(5) Will you regard all pastoral conversations	
	of a confessional nature as a trust between the person	
	concerned and God?	
	(6) Provide evidence of experience in peace	
	and justice ministries.	
	6.8. A deacon shall be ordained by a bishop by the	
	laying on of hands, employing the Order of Service for	
	the Ordination of Deacons ($\P405.5 + 415.6$). The bishop	
	shall be assisted by other deacons and may include	
	laity designated by the bishop representing the Church	
	community. Bishops in other communions may join the	
	ordaining bishop in laying hands on the head of the	
	candidate, while participating deacons and laity may	
	lay hands on the back or shoulders of the candidate.	
	7.9. An elder shall be ordained by a bishop by the	
	laying on of hands, employing the Order of Service for	
	the Ordination of Elders ($\frac{405.5}{415.6}$). The bishop shall be assisted by other elders and may include laity	
	designated by the bishop representing the Church	
	community. Bishops in other communions may join the	
	ordaining bishop in laying hands on the head of the	
	candidate, while participating elders and laity may lay	
	hands on the back or shoulders of the candidate.	
	<u>8.10.</u> Following election, the bishop and secretary	
	of the conference shall provide a certificate of full	
	membership in the annual conference, and following	
	ordination, a certificate of ordination.	
	¹⁵ See Judicial Council Decisions 157, 344, 1199.	
	¹⁶ See Judicial Council Decision 542.	
¶ 325. Historic Examination for Admission into Full	[336] ¶ 375 Historic Examination for Admission into	BOD 334.2 = GBOD 330.001
	[336] ¶ 325 . <i>Historic Examination for Admission into</i>	BOD 337=GBOD 331.001
<i>Connection</i> – The bishop as chief pastor shall engage	<i>Full Connection</i> -The bishop as chief pastor shall engage	202 007-0202 001.001
those seeking to be admitted in serious self-searching	those seeking to be admitted in serious self-searching	

and prayer to prepare them for their examination before the conference. At the time of the examination the bishop shall also explain to the conference the historicand prayer to prepare them for their examination before the conference. At the time of the examination the bishop shall also explain to the conference the historic	
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nature of the following questions and seek to interpret nature of the following questions and seek to interpret	
their spirit and intent. The questions are these and any their spirit and intent. The questions are these and any	
others that may be thought necessary: others that may be thought necessary:	
1. Have you faith in Christ? 1. Have you faith in Christ?	
2. Are you going on to perfection? 2. Are you going on to perfection?	
3. Do you expect to be made perfect in love in 3. Do you expect to be made perfect in love in this	
this life? life?	
4. Are you earnestly striving after it? 4. Are you earnestly striving after it?	
5. Are you resolved to devote yourself wholly to 5. Are you resolved to devote yourself wholly to God	
God and his work? and his work?	
6. Do you know the General Rules of our 6. Do you know the General Rules of our Church?	
Church? 7. Will you keep them?	
7. Will you keep them? 8. Have you studied the doctrines of The United	
8. Have you studied the doctrines of The United Methodist Church?	
Methodist Church? 9. After full examination, do you believe that our	
9. After full examination, do you believe that our doctrines are in harmony with the Holy Scriptures?	
doctrines are in harmony with the Holy Scriptures? 10. Will you preach and maintain them?	
10. Will you preach and maintain them? 11. Have you studied our form of Church discipline	
11. Have you studied our form of Church and polity?	
discipline and polity? 12. Do you approve our Church government and	
12. Do you approve our Church government and polity?	
polity? 13. Will you support and maintain them?	
13. Will you support and maintain them? 14. Will you diligently instruct the children in every	
14. Will you diligently instruct the children in place?	
every place? 15. Will you visit from house to house?	
15. Will you visit from house to house? 16. Will you recommend fasting or abstinence, both	
16. Will you recommend fasting or abstinence, by pre-cept and example?	
both by precept and example? 17. Are you determined to employ all your time in	
17. Are you determined to employ all your time the work of God?	
in the work of God? 18. Are you in debt so as to embarrass you in your	
18. Are you in debt so as to embarrass you in work?	
your work? 19. Will you observe the following directions?	

 19. Will you observe the following directions? a) Be diligent. Never be unemployed. Never be triflingly employed. Never trifle away time; neither spend any more time at any one place than is strictly necessary. b) Be punctual. Do everything exactly at the time. And do not mend our rules, but keep them; not for wrath, but for conscience' sake.¹⁷ >VII:< GBOD ¶ 325 = 330.5.d + 336 ¹⁷ These are the questions that every Methodist preacher from the beginning has been required to answer upon becoming a full member of an annual conference. These questions were formulated by John Wesley and have been little changed throughout the years. 	 a) Be diligent. Never be unemployed. Never be triflingly employed. Never trifle away time; neither spend any more time at any one place than is strictly necessary. b) Be punctual. Do everything exactly at the time. And do not mend our rules, but keep them; not for wrath, but for conscience' sake.¹⁷ >VII: —< ¹⁷ These are the questions that every Methodist preacher from the beginning has been required to answer upon becoming a full member of an annual conference. These questions were formulated by John Wesley and have been little changed 	
Section VI. The Order of the Deacon ¶ 326. The Ministry of a Deacon—1. From among the baptized, deacons are called by God to a lifetime of servant leadership, authorized by the Church, and ordained by a bishop. Deacons give leadership in the Church's life: in teaching and proclaiming the Word; in contributing to worship, and in assisting the elders in administering the sacraments of baptism and Holy Communion, or in presiding at the celebration of the sacraments when contextually appropriate and duly authorized; in forming and nurturing disciples; in conducting marriages and burying the dead; in embodying the church's mission to the world; and in leading congregations in interpreting the needs, concerns, and hopes of the world. For the sake of extending the mission and ministry of the church and offering the means of grace to the world, the resident bishop of the annual conference in which the deacon is appointed may authorize the deacon to preside at the celebration of the sacraments.	throughout the years. Section <u>VI.</u> VII. The Ordained Deacon in Full Connection The Order of the Deacon [328] ¶ 326. The Ministry of a Deacon—1. From among the baptized, deacons are called by God to a lifetime of servant leadership, authorized by the Church, and ordained by a bishop. From the earliest days of the church, deacons were called and set apart for the ministry of Love, Justice, and Service and for connecting the church with the most needy, neglected, and marginalized among the children of God. This ministry grows out of the Wesleyan passion for social holiness and ministry among the poor. It is the deacons, in both person and function, whose distinctive ministry is to embody, articulate, and lead the whole people of God in its servant ministry. Deacons fulfill servant ministry in the world and lead the Church in relating the gathered life of Christians to their ministries in the world, interrelating worship in the gathered community with service to God in the world. Deacons give leadership in the Church's life: in teaching and	GBOD326 and 327 do not repeat theological statements which are made in the definition of orders in the opening section of the chapter, see particularly GBOD 302 and 305 and 306.

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2. Deacons are accountable to the annual	proclaiming the Word; in contributing to worship, <u>and</u> in	
conference and the bishop for the fulfillment of their	assisting the elders in administering the sacraments of	
call to servant leadership.	baptism and Holy Communion, or in presiding at the	
>VII:<	celebration of the sacraments when contextually	
GBOD ¶ 326 = 328	appropriate and duly authorized; in forming and	
	nurturing disciples; in conducting marriages and burying	
	the dead; in embodying the church's mission to the	
	world; and in leading congregations in interpreting the	
	needs, concerns, and hopes of the world. For the sake of	
	extending the mission and ministry of the church and	
	offering the means of grace to the world, the resident	
	bishop of the annual conference in which the deacon is	
	appointed may authorize the deacon to preside at the	
	celebration of the sacraments. Presiding at the	
	celebration of the sacraments involves taking	
	responsibility to lead the gathered community in	
	celebrating baptism and Holy Communion. As members	
	of the Order of Deacons, all deacons are in covenant	
	with all other deacons in the annual conference and shall	
	participate in the life of their order.	
	Deacons lead the congregation in its servant	
	ministry and equip and support all baptized Christians	
	in their ministry. The distinct ministry of the deacon	
	has evolved in United Method- ism over many years	
	the continuing work of the deaconess, the home	
	missionary, and the diaconal minister. The Church,	
	recognizing the gifts and impact of all predecessor	
	embodiments of the diaconate and providing for the	
	continuation of the office of deaconess, affirms that	
	this distinctiveness is made visible and central to the	
	Church's life and ministry through ordination and that the ministry of the descen is a faithful menones of the	
	the ministry of the deacon is a faithful response of the mission of the Church meeting the emerging needs of	
	the future.	
	2. Deacons are accountable to the annual	
	conference and the bishop for the fulfillment of their	
	call to servant leadership.	
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	>VII:<				
¶ 327. Authority, and Responsibilities of Deacons in Full Connection—1. Deacons are persons called by God, authorized by the Church, and ordained by a bishop to a lifetime ministry of Word, Service, Compassion and Justice to both the community and the congregation in a ministry that connects the two. 2. The deacon in full connection shall have the right of voice and vote in the annual conference where membership is held; shall be eligible to serve as clergy on boards, commissions, or committees of the annual conference and hold office on the same; and shall be eligible for election as a clergy delegate to the General, central, or jurisdictional conference. The deacon in full connection responsibility for all matters of ordination, character, and conference relations of clergy (¶ 330.1). 3. As members of the Order of Deacons, all deacons in full connection are in covenant with all other such deacons in the annual conference and shall participate in the life of their order. >VII: —< GBOD ¶ 327.1-3 = 329.1-3	 >VII: —< [329] ¶ 327. Ministry, Authority, and Responsibilities of Deacons in Full Connection—1. Deacons are persons called by God, authorized by the Church, and ordained by a bishop to a lifetime ministry of Word, Service, Compassion, and Justice, to both the community and the congregation in a ministry that connects the two.—Deacons exemplify Christian discipleship and create opportunities for others to enter into discipleship. The work of deacons is a work of justice, serving with compassion as they seek to serve those on the margins of society. In the congregation, the ministry of the deacon is to teach and to form disciples, and to lead worship together with other ordained and laypersons. 2. The deacon in full connection shall have the rights of voice and vote in the annual conference where membership is held; shall be eligible to serve as clergy on boards, commissions, or committees of the annual conference. The deacon in full connection shall attend all the sessions of the annual conference and shall attend all the sessions of the annual conference and share with elders in full connection responsibility for all matters of ordination, character, and conference relations of clergy (¶330.1). 3. As members of the Order of Deacons, all deacons in full connection are in covenant with all other such deacons in the annual conference and shall participate in the life of their order. 				
¶ 328. Appointment of Deacons and Provisional Deacons to Various Ministries—1. Deacons and provisional deacons may be appointed to serve in the following settings.	Section VII.VIII. Appointments of Deacons and Provisional Deacons to Various Ministries[331] ¶ 328. Appointment of Deacons and Provisional Deacons to Various Ministries—1.	Significant	portions	of	this

 Deacons and Provisional Deacons Appointed Beyond the Local Church. – Deacons and provisional deacons may be appointed to settings not connected to either The United Methodist Church or ecumenical agencies when the appointment is approved by the bishop and the Board of Ordained Ministry as a ministry beyond the local church that is a witness and service of Christ's love and justice in the world. Charge Conference Membership of Deacons and Provisional Deacons. a) Deacons and provisional deacons who are appointed to a local congregation, charge, or cooperative parish, shall be members of that charge conference. b) Deacons and provisional deacons who are appointed to settings beyond the local church shall, after consultation with the pastor in charge, and the district superintendent designate a charge conference within the bounds of the annual conference in which they shall hold membership and to which they shall submit an annual report. Each central conference shall determine the process for deacons' appointments, equitable compensation, pension and health benefits, and the procedures when a deacon is not appointed. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the Discipline. >VII: 328.001 Section VII. The Order of the Elder 	Deacons and provisional deacons may be appointed to serve in the following settings. <u>2.4</u> . Deacons and Provisional Deacons Appointed Beyond the Local Church. <u>a</u>) Deacons and provisional deacons may be appointed to settings not connected to either The United Methodist Church or ecumenical agencies when the appointment is approved by the bishop and the Board of Ordained Ministry as a ministry beyond the local church that is a witness and service of Christ's love and justice in the world. <u>3.9</u> . Charge Conference Membership of Deacons and Provisional Deacons. a) Deacons and provisional deacons who are appointed to a local congregation, charge, or cooperative parish, shall be members of that charge conference. b) Deacons and provisional deacons who are appointed to settings beyond the local church shall, after consultation and with the written consent of with the pastor in charge, and the district superintendent designate a charge conference within the bounds of the annual conference in which they shall hold membership and to which they shall submit an annual report. <u>4</u> . Each central conference shall determine the process for deacons' appointments, equitable compensation, pension and health benefits, and the procedures when a deacon is not appointed. <u>Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the</u> procedures in Part VII of the Discipline. >VII: 328.001< Section VII. The Order of the Elder.+IX.	paragraph moved to adaptable portion. BOD 331 = GBOD 328.001
¶ 329. <i>Elders in Full Connection</i> —Elders in full connection with an annual conference by virtue of their election and ordination are bound in special covenant	[333.1] ¶ 329. <i>Elders in Full Connection</i> in full connection with an annual conference by virtue	

with all the ordained elders of the annual conference. In the keeping of this covenant they perform the ministerial duties and maintain the ministerial standards established by those in the covenant. They offer themselves without reserve to be appointed and to serve, after consultation, as the appointive authority may determine. ¹⁸ >VII: 329.001< GBOD ¶ 329 = 333.1 ¹⁸ See Judicial Council Decision 492.	of their election and ordination are bound in special covenant with all the ordained elders of the annual conference. In the keeping of this covenant they perform the ministerial duties and maintain the ministerial standards established by those in the covenant. They offer themselves without reserve to be appointed and to serve, after consultation, as the appointive authority may determine. ¹⁸ \geq VII: 329.001 \leq ¹⁸ See Judicial Council Decision 492.	Other sections of this paragraph moved to other paragraphs or to adaptable. BOD 333=GBOD 329.001
 330. Ministry, Authority, and Responsibilities of an Elder in Full Connection—1. An elder in full connection is authorized to give spiritual and temporal servant leadership in the Church in the following manner: Elders in full connection shall have the right to vote on all matters in the annual conference except in the election of lay delegates to the general and central or jurisdictional conferences and shall share with deacons in full connection responsibility for all matters of ordination, character, and conference relations of clergy. This responsibility shall not be limited by the recommendation or lack of recommendation by the Board of Ordained Ministry, notwithstanding provisions which grant to the Board of Ordained Ministry the right of recommendation.¹⁹ They shall be eligible to hold office in the annual conference and to be elected delegates to the general and central or jurisdictional conference and to be elected delegates to the general and central or jurisdictional conference and to be elected delegates to the general and central or jurisdictional conferences under the provision of the Constitution (¶ 35). Every effective elder in full connection who is in good standing shall be continued under appointment by the bishop.²⁰ 	[334] ¶ 330. <i>Ministry, Authority, and Responsibilities of</i> an Elder in Full Connection- <u>1</u> .—An elder in full connection is authorized to give spiritual and temporal servant leadership in the Church in the following manner: <u>2.1.</u> Elders in full connection shall have the right to vote on all matters in the annual conference except in the election of lay delegates to the General and jurisdictional or central <u>or jurisdictional</u> conferences (¶ 602.1 <i>a</i>) and shall share with deacons in full connection responsibility for all matters of ordination, character, and conference relations of clergy. This responsibility shall not be limited by the recommendation or lack of recommendation by the Board of Ordained Ministry, notwithstanding provisions which grant to the Board of Ordained Ministry the right of recommendation. ¹⁹ They shall be eligible to hold office in the annual conference and to be elected delegates to the General and jurisdictional or central <u>or jurisdictional</u> conferences under the provision of the Constitution (¶ 35 , Article IV). Every effective elder in full connection who is in good standing shall be continued under appointment by the bishop. ²⁰	

3. There are professional responsibilities (¶334) provided that if the elder is appointed to serve in an that elders are expected to fulfill and that represent a affiliated relationship in a missionary conference (¶ 586) BOD 334.2 = GBOD 330.001 and that appointment is terminated by the bishop who fundamental part of their accountability and a primary presides in the missionary conference, then the basis of their continued eligibility for annual appointment.²¹ responsibility for meeting this obligation rests with the bishop of the conference of which the elder is a member. Each central conference shall establish

regulations on the evaluation process for fulfilling these professional responsibilities.

Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the Discipline. >VII: 330.001<

4. When an elder's effectiveness is in question, the bishop shall complete the procedures in place (¶ 349). Each central conference may establish its provisions. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the Discipline. GBOD ¶ 330.1-4 = 334.Intro+1-3

¹⁹ See Judicial Council Decision 690.

²⁰ See Judicial Council Decisions 462, 492, 534, 555.

²¹ See Judicial Council Decision 492.

3.2. There are professional responsibilities (\P 334)) that elders are expected to fulfill and that represent a fundamental part of their accountability and a primary basis of their continued eligibility for annual appointment.²¹

Each central conference shall establish regulations on the evaluation process for fulfilling these professional responsibilities.

Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the Discipline. >VII: 330.001< These shall include:

a) Continuing availability for appointment.¹⁵

b) Annual participation in a process of evaluation with committees on pastor-parish relations or comparable authority as well as annual participation in a process of evaluation with the district superintendent or comparable authority.

c) Evidence of continuing effectiveness reflected in annual evaluations by the pastor-parish relations committee and by the district superintendent or comparable authorities

d) Growth in professional competence and effectiveness through continuing education and formation. The Board of Ordained Ministry may set the minimum standards and specific guidelines for continuing education and formation for conference members:

e) Willingness to assume supervisory and mentoring responsibilities within the connection. 4.3. When an elder's effectiveness is in question, the

bishop shall complete the following procedures in p	blace
<u>(BOD¶ 349).</u>	

a) Identify the concerns. These can include an elder's failed professional responsibilities or vocational ineffectiveness.

b) Hold supervisory conversations with the elder that identifies the concerns, and designs collaboratively with the elder, a corrective plan of action.

c) Upon evaluation, determine that the plan of action has not been carried out or produced fruit that gives a realistic expectation of future effectiveness.

4. If an elder fails to demonstrate vocational competence or effectiveness (\P 340) as defined by the annual conference through the Board of Ordained Ministry and cabinet, then the bishop may begin the administrative location process as outlined in \P 360.

5. Clergy who are retired, on medical leave, or on sabbatical leave may at their own initiative apply to the conference Board of Ordained Ministry for affiliate membership in the annual conference where they reside. By a two-thirds vote of the executive session, such clergy may be received with rights and privileges, including service on conference boards, agencies, task forces, and committees, with voice but without vote. Voting membership shall be retained in the clergy member's home annual conference for the duration of affiliate member relationship. Such persons may serve on the board, agency, task force or committee of only one annual conference at any one time.

¹⁹ See Judicial Council Decision 690.

²⁰ See Judicial Council Decisions 462, 492, 534, 555.

²¹ See Judicial Council Decision 492.

Such regulations need to be established by the central conferences.

¶ 331. <i>General Provisions for Appointments of Elders,</i>	Section X. Appointments to Various Ministries	
Provisional Elders, Associate Members, and Licensed	[337.1-3] ¶ 331. General Provisions for Appointments	
<i>Ministers</i> —1. All elders in full connection who are in	of Elders, Provisional Elders, Associate Members, and	
good standing in an annual conference shall be	<i>Licensed Ministers.</i> -1. All elders in full connection who	
continued under appointment by the bishop unless they	are in good standing in an annual conference shall be	
are granted a leave, retirement, or have failed to meet	continued under appointment by the bishop unless they	
the requirements for continued eligibility. ²²	are granted a leave, sabbatical leave, a medical leave (¶	
(¶ 330).>VII: 331.001<	357), family leave, a leave of absence, retirement, or	
2. In addition to ordained elders, persons who	have failed to meet the requirements for continued	
have been granted a license for pastoral ministry may be	eligibility (¶330). ²² <u>>VII: 331.001</u> provided that if the	
appointed to local churches as pastors in charge. ²³ All	elder is appointed to serve in an affiliated relationship in	
clergy members and licensed local pastors to be	a missionary conference (¶ 586.4b) and that appointment	
appointed shall assume a lifestyle consistent with	is terminated by the bishop who presides in the	
Christian teaching as set forth in the Social Principles.	missionary conference, then the responsibility for	
3. Elders in effective relationship, associate	meeting this obligation rests with the bishop of the	
members, provisional elders, and persons licensed for	conference of which the elder is a member. ³¹	
pastoral ministry may be appointed to ministry settings	2. In addition to ordained elders, persons who have	
that extend the ministry of The United Methodist	been granted a license for pastoral ministry and who	
Church and the witness and service of Christ's love and	have been approved by vote of the clergy members in	
justice in the world beyond the local church. Persons in	full connection may be appointed to local churches as	
these appointments remain within the itineracy and shall	pastors in charge-under certain conditions, which are	
be accountable to the annual conference. Institutions,	specified in ¶ 315-318.23 All clergy members and	
agencies, or clergy desiring such appointment shall	licensed local pastors to be appointed shall assume a	
consult with the clergyperson's bishop and/or district	lifestyle consistent with Christian teaching as set forth in	
superintendent prior to any interviews relative to such	the Social Principles.	
an appointment. >VII: 331.002<	3. Elders, associate members, provisional elders, and	
GBOD ¶ 331.1-3 = 337.1-3	persons licensed for pastoral ministry may be appointed	
GBOD ¶ 331.3 see also 343.1 (+references in 326 Intro,	to ministry settings that extend the ministry of The	
331.4) and 343.2+3+344.1(<i>d</i>)	United Methodist Church and the witness and service of	
²² See Judicial Council Decisions 380, 462, 492, 524, 702, 985,	Christ's love and justice in the world beyond the local	
1226. ²³ See Judicial Council Decision 1226	church.	
See Judicial Coulicit Decision 1220	that extend the ministry of The United Methodist	
	Church and the witness and service of Christ's love and	
	justice in the world. They shall be given the same moral	BOD 337.3 = GBOD 331.002

and spiritual support by the annual conference as are persons in appointments to pastoral charges. Their effectiveness shall be evaluated in the context of the specific setting in which their ministry is performed. Such ministry settings shall include teaching, pastoral care and counseling, chaplaincy, campus ministry, social services, and other ministries so recognized by the conference Board of Ordained Ministry and approved by the bishop. *a*) Full connection and provisional member elders, associate members, and persons licensed for pastoral ministry may be appointed to Extension

Ministries serving in ministries of pastoral care in specialized settings. See ¶¶ 326, 343-344 for specific information about Extension Ministries.

b) Elders may be appointed to extension ministries that include appointments as students in research doctoral programs that may lead to appointments in academic settings as instructors or professors in colleges, universities, and theological schools affiliated with The United Methodist Church. Elders may also be appointed to extension ministries, including service as instructors or professors or administrators in colleges, universities, and theological schools affiliated with The United Methodist Church.

c) All persons in such appointments should:

(1) be appointed to a setting that provides an appropriate support and accountability structure;

(2) continue to be accountable to the annual conference for the practice of their ministry;

(3) provide an annual report, including a narrative of their ministry, evidence of continuing education, and evidence of an annual evaluation in their setting;

(4) maintain a relationship with a charge

conference.

Section XI. Appointments to Extension Ministries

¶ 343. Appointments Extending the Ministry of The United Methodist Church-1. Elders in effective relationship may be appointed to serve in ministry settings beyond the local United Methodist church in the witness and service of Christ's love and justice. Persons in these appointments remain within the itineracy and shall be accountable to the annual conference. They shall be given the same moral and spiritual support by it as are persons in appointments to pastoral charges.²⁸ Their effectiveness shall be evaluated in the context of the specific setting in which their ministry is performed.

2. The institution or agency desiring to employ an ordained minister shall, when feasible, through its appropriate official, consult the ordained minister's bishop and secure approval before completing any agreement to employ the ordained minister. If the institution or agency is located in another area, the bishop of that area shall also be consulted.

<u>2.3.</u> <u>Clergy</u>Elders desiring an<u>such</u> appointment extending the ministry of The United Methodist church or change of appointment shall consult with their bishop and/or district superintendent prior to any interviews relative to such an appointment.

¶344. Provisions for Appointment to Extension Ministries-[\rightarrow GBOD332.4] Persons in these appointments remain within the itineracy and shall be accountable to the annual conference. Institutions, agencies, or clergy desiring such appointment shall consult with the clergyperson's bishop and/or district superintendent prior to any interviews relative to such an appointment.

	 ²² See Judicial Council Decisions 380, 462, 492, 524, 702, 985, 1226. ²³ See Judicial Council Decision 1226 	
¶ 332. <i>The Itinerant System</i> —1. The itinerant system is the accepted method of The United Methodist Church by which ordained elders, provisional elders, and associate members are appointed by the bishop to fields of labor. ²⁴ All ordained elders, provisional elders, and associate members shall accept and abide by these appointments. ²⁵ Bishops and cabinets shall commit to and support open itinerancy and the protection of the prophetic pulpit and diversity. The nature of the appointment process is specified in ¶ 406. >VII: 332.001< 2. When an elder, provisional elder, or associate member is appointed to full-time service, that person's entire vocational time, as defined by the district superintendent in consultation with the pastor and the committee on pastor-parish relations, is devoted to the	[338] ¶ 332. The Itinerant System- <u>1.</u> The itinerant system is the accepted method of The United Methodist Church by which ordained elders, provisional elders, and associate members are appointed by the bishop to fields of labor. ²⁴ All ordained elders, provisional elders, and associate members shall accept and abide by these appointments. ²⁵ Bishops and cabinets shall commit to and support open itineracy and the protection of the prophetic pulpit and diversity. Persons appointed to multiple staff ministries, either in a single parish or in a eluster or larger parish, shall have personal and professional access to the bishop and cabinet, the committee on pastor parish relations, as well as to the pastor in charge. The nature of the appointment process is specified in ¶ <u>406</u> 425 429.>VII: 332.001< <u>2.1. Full-time service shall be the norm for When an</u> and access to access the data access and access to the appointment process is specified in § 406 425 429>VII: 332.001<	Some sections in this paragraph moved to adaptable
work of ministry in the field of labor to which one is appointed by the bishop. >VII: 332.002< 3. At the initiative of the bishop and cabinet, or when an elder, provisional elder, or associate member requests, or declares in writing that itinerancy is limited, he or she may be appointed to a less than full-time appointment. >VII: <332.003 4. Elders and associate members in appointments extending the ministry of the local United Methodist church are full participants in the itinerant system. Therefore, a conference member in an appointment beyond the local United Methodist church must be willing upon consultation to receive an appointment in a pastoral charge.	ordained elder, provisional elders, <u>or</u> and associate members in the annual conference. F is appointed to full- time service, <u>shall mean</u> that the person's entire vocational time, as defined by the district superintendent in consultation with the pastor and the committee on pastor-parish relations, is devoted to the work of ministry in the field of labor to which one is appointed by the bishop. <u>>VII: 332.002</u> < <u>3.2</u> . At the initiative of the bishop and cabinet, or when an elder, provisional elder, or associate member requests, or declares in writing that itineracy is limited, <u>he or she may be appointed to a less than full-time</u> <u>appointment. >VII: <332.003</u> [BOD344Intro] 4. Elders and associate members in appointments extending the ministry of the local	BOD 338.34 = GBOD 332.001

GBOD ¶ 332.1 = 338.Intro; 332.2-3=338.1-2; 332.4=344 Intro ²⁴ See Judicial Council Decision 713. ²⁵ See Judicial Council Decision 492.	United Methodist church are full participants in the itinerant system. Therefore, a conference member in an appointment beyond the local United Methodist church must be willing upon consultation to receive an appointment in a pastoral charge. ²⁴ See Judicial Council Decision 713. ²⁵ See Judicial Council Decision 492.	
¶ 333. <i>Definition of a Pastor</i> —A pastor is an elder, associate member, provisional elder, or local pastor approved by vote of the clergy session of the annual conference and may be appointed by the bishop to be in charge of a local church or extension ministry. >VII: 333.001< GBOD ¶ 333 = 339	[339] ¶ 333. Definition of a Pastor—A pastor is an ordained elder, probationary deacon (according to 1992 Book of Discipline), associate member, provisional elder, or local pastor-approved by vote of the clergy session of the annual conference and may be appointed by the bishop to be in charge of a local church or station, circuit, cooperative parish, extension ministry, ecumenical shared ministry, ³³ or to a church of another denomination, or on the staff of one such appointment.	For unifying terminology, changed to "clergy session of the annual conference".
	>VII: 333.001<	
¶ 334 . <i>Responsibilities and Duties of Elders and Licensed Pastors</i> — 1. The responsibilities of elders are	[340] ¶ 334 . <i>Responsibilities and Duties of Elders and Licensed Pastors</i> -1. The responsibilities of elders are	
derived from the authority given in ordination. Elders	derived from the authority given in ordination. Elders	
have a fourfold ministry of Word, Sacrament, Order,	have a fourfold ministry of Word, Sacrament, Order, and	
and Service and thus serve in the local church and in	Service and thus serve in the local church and in	
extension ministries in witness and service of Christ's	extension ministries in witness and service of Christ's	
love and justice. Elders are authorized to preach and	love and justice. Elders are authorized to preach and	
teach the Word, to provide pastoral care and counsel, to	teach the Word, to provide pastoral care and counsel, to	
administer the sacraments, and to order the life of the church for service in mission and ministry as pastors,	administer the sacraments, and to order the life of the church for service in mission and ministry as pastors,	
superintendents, and bishops. Licensed pastors share	superintendents, and bishops.	
with the elders the responsibilities and duties of a pastor	2.—Licensed pastors share with the elders the	
for this fourfold ministry, within the context of their	responsibilities and duties of a pastor for this fourfold	
appointment.	ministry, within the context of their appointment.	
2. The responsibilities and duties of elders and	2. The responsibilities and duties of elders and	
licensed pastors are:	licensed pastors are:	
a) Word and ecclesial acts:	a) Word and ecclesial acts:	

(1) To preach the Word of God, lead in worship, read and teach the Scriptures, and engage the people in study and witness.

(*a*) To ensure faithful transmission of the Christian faith.

(b) To lead people in discipleship and evangelistic outreach that others might come to know Christ and to follow him.

(2) To counsel persons with personal, ethical, or spiritual struggles.

(3) To perform the ecclesial acts of marriage and burial.

(*a*) To perform the marriage ceremony after due counsel with the parties involved and in accordance with the laws of the state and the rules of The United Methodist Church. The decision to perform the ceremony shall be the right and responsibility of the pastor.

(*b*) To conduct funeral and memorial services and provide care and grief counseling.

(4) To visit in the homes of the church and the community, especially among the sick, aged, imprisoned, and others in need.

(5) To maintain all confidences inviolate, including confessional confidences except in the cases of suspected child abuse or neglect, or in cases where mandatory reporting is required by civil law.

b) Sacrament:

(1) To administer the sacraments of baptism and the Supper of the Lord according to Christ's ordinance.

(*a*) To prepare the parents and sponsors before baptizing infants or children, and instruct them concerning the significance of baptism

(1) To preach the Word of God, lead in worship, read and teach the Scriptures, and engage the people in study and witness.

(*a*) To ensure faithful transmission of the Christian faith.

(b) To lead people in discipleship and evangelistic outreach that others might come to know Christ and to follow him.

(2) To counsel persons with personal, ethical, or spiritual struggles.

(3) To perform the ecclesial acts of marriage and burial.

(*a*) To perform the marriage ceremony after due counsel with the parties involved and in accordance with the laws of the state and the rules of The United Methodist Church. The decision to perform the ceremony shall be the right and responsibility of the pastor.

(b) To conduct funeral and memorial services and provide care and grief counseling.

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(5) To maintain all confidences inviolate, including confessional confidences except in the cases of suspected child abuse or neglect, or in cases where mandatory reporting is required by civil law.

b) Sacrament:

(1) To administer the sacraments of baptism and the Supper of the Lord according to Christ's ordinance.

(*a*) To prepare the parents and sponsors before baptizing infants or children, and instruct them concerning the significance of baptism and their responsibilities for the Christian training of the baptized

 (b) To encourage reaffirmation of the baptismal covenant and renewal of baptismal vows at different stages of life. (c) To encourage people baptized in infancy or early childhood to make their profession of faith, after instruction, so that they might become professing members o, so that they might become professing members o, so that they might become professing members to serve the conscerated communion elements. (d) To explain the meaning of the Lord's Supper and to encourage regular participation as a means of grace to grow in faith and holiness. (e) To select and train deacons and lay member to serve the consecrated communion elements. (f) To encourage the private and congregational use of the other means of grace. (g) To encourage the private and congregation are adequately provided for. (a) To give pastoral support, guidance, and training to the lay leadership, equipping them to fulfill the ministry to which they are called. (b) To give oversight to the educational faithfulness, goal setting, planning and evaluation. (c) To be responsible for organizational faithfulness, goal setting, planning and and women for the ministry of deacons, elders, local pastors and other church related ministries. (2) To administer the temporal affairs of the church in their appointment, the annual conference, and the general church. 	and their responsibilities for the Christian training of the	child.
 the baptismal covenant and renewal of baptismal vows at different stages of life. (c) To encourage people baptized in infancy or early childhood to make their profession of faith, after instruction, so that they might become professing members of the church. (d) To explain the meaning of the Lord's Supper and to encourage regular participation as a means of grace to grow in faith and holiness. (e) To select and train deacons and lay members to serve the consecrated communion elements. (f) To encourage the private and congregational use of the other means of grace. (f) To be the administrative officer of the local church and to assure that the organizational concerns of the congregation are adequately provided for. (a) To give pastoral support, guidance, and training to the lay leadership, equipping them to fulfill the ministry to which they are called. (b) To give oversight to the educational program of the church and encourage the use of United Methodist literature and media. (c) To search out and counsel men and women for the ministry of deacons, elders, local pastors and other church related ministres. (c) To search out and counsel men and women for the ministry of deacons, elders, local pastors and other church related ministres. (2) To administer the temporal affairs of the church in their appointment, the annual conference, and their appointment, the annual conference. 		(b) To encourage reaffirmation of the
at different stages of life. (c) To encourage people baptized in infancy or early childhood to make their profession of faith, after instruction, so that they might become professing members of the church. (c) To encourage regular participation as a means of grace to grow in faith and holiness. (d) To explain the meaning of the Lord's Supper and to encourage regular participation as a means of grace to grow in faith and holiness. (d) To explain the meaning of the Lord's Supper and to encourage regular participation as a means of grace to grow in faith and holiness. (e) To select and train deacons and lay members to serve the consecrated communion elements. (2) To encourage the private and congregational use of the other means of grace. (f) To be the administrative officer of the local church and to assure that the organizational concerns of the congregation are adequately provided for. (a) To give pastoral support, guidance, and training to the lay leadership, equipping them to fulfill the ministry to which they are called. (b) To give oversight to the educational program of the church and encourage the use of United Methodist literature and media. (c) To be responsible for organizational faithfulness, goal setting, planning and evaluation. (c) To be responsible for organizational faithfulness, goal setting, planning and evaluation. (d) To search out and counsel men and women for the ministry of deacons, elders, local pastors and other church related ministries. (2) To administer the temporal affairs of the church in their appointment, the annual conference,		baptismal covenant and renewal of baptismal vows at
 (c) To encourage people baptized in infancy or early childhood to make their profession of faith, after instruction, so that they might become professing members of the church. (d) To explain the meaning of the Lord's Supper and to encourage regular participation as a means of grace to grow in faith and holiness. (e) To elect and train deacons and lay members to serve the consecrated communion elements. (2) To encourage the private and congregational use of the other means of grace. (c) Order: (1) To be the administrative officer of the local church and to assure that the organizational concerns of the congregation are adequately provided for. (a) To give pastoral support, guidance, and training to the lay leadership, equipping them to fulfill the ministry to which they are called. (b) To give oversight to the educational program of the church and dencourage the use of United Methodist literature and media. (c) To be responsible for organizational faithfulness, goal setting, planning and evaluation. (d) To search out and counsel men and women for the ministry of deacons, elders, local pastors and other church related ministries. (2) To administer the temporal affairs of the church in their appointment, the annual conference, (2) To administer the temporal affairs of the church in their appointment, the annual conference, (2) To administer the temporal affairs of the church in their appointment, the annual conference,		different stages of life.
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	(a) To administer the provisions of	Discipline.	
	the Discipline.	(b) To give an account of their pastoral	
	(<i>b</i>) To give an account of their pastoral ministries to the charge and annual conference.	ministries to the charge and annual conference Central	
	Central conferences may establish provisions for this.	conferences may establish provisions for this.	
	Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in	Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in	
	Part VII of the <i>Discipline</i> . >VII: 334.001<	Part VII of the Discipline. according to the prescribed	
	(c) To provide leadership for the	forms. >VII: 334.001<	
	funding ministry of the congregation. To ensure	(c) To provide leadership for the funding ministry	
	membership care including compliance with charitable	of the congregation. To ensure membership care	
	giving documentation requirements and to provide	including compliance with charitable giving	
	appropriate pastoral care, the pastor, in cooperation	documentation requirements and to provide appropriate	
	with the financial secretary, shall have access to and responsibility for professional stewardship of	pastoral care, the pastor, in cooperation with the	
	congregational giving records.	financial secretary, shall have access to and	
	(<i>d</i>) To model and promote faithful	responsibility for professional stewardship of	
	financial stewardship and to encourage giving as a	congregational giving records.	
	spiritual discipline by teaching the biblical principles of	(<i>d</i>) To model and promote faithful	
	giving.	financial stewardship and to encourage giving as a	
	(e) To lead the congregation in the	spiritual discipline by teaching the biblical principles of	
	fulfillment of its mission through full and faithful payment of all apportioned ministerial support,	giving.	
	administrative, and benevolent funds.	(e) To lead the congregation in the	
	(<i>f</i>) To care for all church records and	fulfillment of its mission through full and faithful	
	local church financial obligations, and certify the	payment of all apportioned ministerial support,	
	accuracy of all financial, membership, and any other	administrative, and benevolent funds.	
	reports submitted by the local church to the annual	(f) To care for all church records and	
	conference for use in apportioning costs back to the	local church financial obligations, and certify the	
	church.	accuracy of all financial, membership, and any other	
	(3) To participate in denominational and	reports submitted by the local church to the annual	
		conference for use in apportioning costs back to the	
	conference programs and training opportunities. (<i>a</i>) To seek out opportunities for	conference for use in apportioning costs back to the church.	
	cooperative ministries with other United Methodist		
	pastors and churches.	(3) To participate in denominational and	
	(b) To be willing to assume	conference programs and training opportunities.	
	supervisory responsibilities within the connection.	(a) To seek out opportunities for	
	(4) To lead the congregation in racial	cooperative ministries with other United Methodist	
	and ethnic inclusiveness.	pastors and churches.	
		(b) To be willing to assume supervisory	

 d) Service: (1) To embody the teachings of Jesus in servant ministries and servant leadership. (2) To give diligent pastoral leadership in ordering the life of the congregation for discipleship in the world. (3) To build the body of Christ as a caring and giving community, extending the ministry of Christ to the world. (4) To participate in community, ecumenical and inter-religious concerns and to encourage the people to become so involved and to pray and labor for the unity of the Christian community. GBOD ¶ 334.1-2 = 340.1-2 	responsibilities within the connection. (4) To lead the congregation in racial and ethnic inclusiveness. <i>d) Service:</i> (1) To embody the teachings of Jesus in servant ministries and servant leadership. (2) To give diligent pastoral leadership in ordering the life of the congregation for discipleship in the world. (3) To build the body of Christ as a caring and giving community, extending the ministry of Christ to the world. (4) To participate in community, ecumenical and interreligious concerns and to encourage the people to become so involved and to pray and labor for the unity of the Christian community.	
 ¶ 335. Unauthorized Conduct—1. Pastors shall first obtain the written consent of the district superintendent before engaging for an evangelist any person who is not a general evangelist in the connection, a clergy member of an annual conference, a local pastor, or a certified lay servant in good standing in The United Methodist Church. 2. No pastor shall discontinue services in a local church between sessions of the annual conference without the consent of the charge conference and the district superintendent. 3. No pastor shall arbitrarily organize a pastoral charge. 4. No pastor shall hold a religious service within the bounds of a pastoral charge other than the one to which appointed without the consent of the pastor of the charge other than the one to charge, or the district superintendent. >VII: 335.001< 	[341] ¶ 335. Unauthorized Conduct-1. Pastors shall first obtain the written consent of the district superintendent before engaging for an evangelist any person who is not a general evangelist in the connection (¶¶ 630.3 <i>f</i> , 1112.7), a clergy member of an annual conference, a local pastor, or a certified lay servant in good standing in The United Methodist Church. 2. No pastor shall discontinue services in a local church between sessions of the annual conference without the consent of the charge conference and the district superintendent. 3. No pastor shall arbitrarily organize a pastoral charge. (See ¶ 259 for the method of organizing a local church.) 4. No pastor shall hold a religious service within the bounds of a pastoral charge other than the one to which appointed without the consent of the pastor of the charge of the pastor of the charge, or the district superintendent. \geq VII: 335.001<	

bishops or other judicatory authorities involved,	Denominations-With approval and consent of the	
ordained clergy or provisional members from other	bishops or other judicatory authorities involved,	
annual conferences or other Methodist churches may	ordained clergy or provisional members of other annual	
receive appointments while retaining their home	conferences or other Methodist churches may receive	
conference membership or denominational affiliation.	appointments in the annual or missionary conference	
>VII: 336.001<	while retaining their home conference membership or	
3. Elders or Ordained Clergy from Other	denominational affiliation. <u>>VII: 336.001<</u>	
Denominations—On recommendation of the Board of	Appointments are to be made by the resident bishop	Section moved to adaptable
Ordained Ministry, the clergy session of the annual	of the conference in which the clergy person is to serve.	BOD 346.1 = GBOD 336.001
conference may approve annually clergy in good	If appointment is to a missionary conference, the terms	BOD 346.1 = GBOD 336.001
standing from other Christian denominations to receive	of the appointment shall be as provided in ¶ 586.4.	
appointments within the bounds of the annual	Otherwise upon the recommendation of the Board of	
conference while retaining their denominational	Ordained Ministry, clergy in such appointments may be	
affiliation, provided they meet all requirements for	granted voice but not vote in the annual conference to	
certified candidates, except church membership, present	which they are appointed. Their membership on	
suitable credentials, have given evidence of their	conference boards and agencies is restricted to the	
agreement with and willingness to support and maintain	conference of which they are a member. They shall be	
United Methodist doctrine, discipline, and polity, and	compensated no less than the equitable salary provisions	
have been recommended by the Board of Ordained	of the annual conference in which they serve and	
Ministry.	participate in the pension and insurance programs of that	
When the Board of Ordained Ministry certifies	annual conference. Such appointments are renewable	
that their credentials are at least equal to those of United	annually. Furthermore, it shall be the responsibility of	
Methodist elders, the clergy session of the annual	the board of pensions of the annual conference in which	
conference may grant them the same rights in the annual	the appointment is received to enroll such clergy in the	
conference as provisional members. While under	Clergy Retirement Security Program or any successor	
appointment, they are subject to the provisions of the	retirement plan and the Comprehensive Protection Plan	
Discipline, but are not part of the itinerant system.	or any successor welfare plan (see ¶ 1506.21). ³³	
>VII: 336.002<	<u>3.2.</u> Elders or Ordained Clergy from Other	
GBOD ¶ 336.1-3 = 346.Intro+1-2	Denominations-On recommendation of the Board of	
	Ordained Ministry, the clergy session of the annual	
	conference members in full connection may approve	
	annually clergy in good standing from in-other Christian	
	denominations to receive serve appointments or	
	ecumenical ministries within the bounds of the annual	
	conference while retaining their denominational	

affiliation, provided they meet all requirements for certified candidates, except church membership, present suitable credentials, give assurance of their Christian faith and experience, and release required psychological reports, criminal background and credit checks, and reports of sexual misconduct and/or child abuse. They shall submit, on a form provided by the conference Board of Ordained Ministry: a notarized statement detailing any convictions for felony or misdemeanor or written accusations of sexual misconduct or child abuse: or a notarized statement certifying that the candidate has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor, or accused in writing of sexual misconduct or child abuse. They shall give have given evidence of their agreement with and willingness to support and maintain United Methodist doctrine, discipline, and polity, and have been recommended by the Board of Ordained Ministry. Their ordination credentials shall be examined by the bishop and the Board of Ordained Ministry and, upon its recommendation, may be recognized as valid elders in The United Methodist Church while they are under appointment.

When the Board of Ordained Ministry certifies that their credentials are at least equal to those of United Methodist elders, <u>the clergy session of the annual</u> <u>conference may grant them the same rights in the annual</u> <u>conference as provisional members. they may be</u> <u>accorded the right to vote in the annual conference on all</u> <u>matters except the following: (a) constitutional</u> <u>amendments; (b) election of delegates to the General and</u> <u>jurisdictional or central conferences; (c) all matters of</u> <u>ordination, character, and conference relations of</u> <u>ministers. They may serve on any board, commission, or</u> <u>committee of an annual conference, except the Board of</u> <u>Ordained Ministry and the board of trustees (¶¶ 635.1</u>,

	2512.1). They shall not be eligible for election as delegates to the General, jurisdictional, or central conferences. While under appointment, they are subject to the provisions of the <i>Discipline</i> , but are not part of the itinerant system. >VII: 336.002< They shall also be subject to the provisions governing sabbatical leave, leave of absence, location, retirement, minimum salary, and pension. They shall not have security of appointment. ³⁵ 3. Between conference sessions, the Board of Ordained Ministry may approve them for appointment pending the recognition of their orders. The bishop may make <i>ad interim</i> recognition of valid ordination after consultation with the cabinet and executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry, pending recognition by the vote of the clergy members in full connection. In every case, prior examination shall be made of the ordained minister's understanding, acceptance, and willingness to support and maintain United Methodist doctrine, discipline, and polity. ³⁵	Rest of paragraph moved to adaptable BOD 346.2 = GBOD 336.002
¶ 337. <i>Transfers</i> —1. <i>From Other Annual</i> <i>Conferences</i> —Ordained clergy or provisional members from other annual conferences of The United Methodist Church may be received by transfer into provisional or full membership with the consent of the bishops involved. Recommendation by the Board of Ordained Ministry and approval of the clergy session shall take place prior to the transfer. Transfers are conditioned on the passing of their character by the conference to which they are amenable. Members on transfer shall not vote twice on the same constitutional amendment, nor be counted twice, nor	[347] ¶ 337. <i>Transfers-1. From Other Annual</i> <i>Conferences</i> -Ordained clergy or provisional members from other annual conferences of The United Methodist Church may be received by transfer into provisional or full membership with the consent of the bishops involved. Recommendation by the executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry and approval of the clergy session shall take place prior to the transfer. [see 604.6] Transfers of traveling preachers are conditioned on the passing of their character by the conference to which they are amenable. The official announcement that a preacher is transferred changes	

vote twice for delegates to the same general, jurisdictional, or central conferences.

Whenever clergy members are transferred to another annual conference, either in connection with a transfer of the pastoral charge to which they are appointed or by reason of the dissolution or merger of the annual conference, they shall have the same rights and obligations as the other members of the conference to which they are transferred.

2. From Other Methodist Denominations— Ordained elders or ordained clergy from other Methodist churches may be received by transfer into provisional or full conference membership or as local pastors, with the consent of the bishops or other authorities involved, without going through the process required for ministers from other denominations. Prior consultation with the Board of Ordained Ministry shall be held in order to determine that the clergy meets the educational requirements and standards for conference membership established by the *Discipline* and the annual conference.

3. *From Other Denominations—a)* On recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry, the clergy session of the annual conference_may recognize the orders of ordained clergy from other denominations and receive them as provisional members or local pastors. They shall present their credentials for examination by the bishop and Board of Ordained Ministry. They shall give assurance of their Christian faith and experience, and their willingness to support and maintain United Methodist doctrine, discipline, and polity. They shall meet the educational requirements and standards for conference membership.

b) Ordained elders or ordained clergy from other Christian denominations shall serve as provisional

the preacher's membership so that all rights and responsibilities in the conference to which that preacher goes begin from the date of transfer. Such m <u>Members on transfer</u> of an annual conference shall not vote twice on the same constitutional <u>amendmentquestion</u>, nor be counted twice in the same year in the basis for election of delegates, nor vote twice in the same year for delegates to the <u>same</u> General, jurisdictional, or central conferences.

[see 604.7] Whenever clergy members, whether provisional members or in full connection, are transferred to another annual conference, either in connection with a transfer of the pastoral charge to which they are appointed or by reason of the dissolution or merger of the annual conference, they shall have the same rights and obligations as the other members of the conference to which they are transferred.

2. From Other Methodist Denominations-a) Ordained elders or ordained clergy from other Methodist churches may be received by transfer into provisional or full conference membership or as local pastors, with the consent of the bishops or other authorities involved, without going through the process required for ministers from other denominations. The General Board of Higher Education and Ministry shall establish a list of denominations that meet this definition. Prior consultation with the chairperson or executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry shall be held in order to determine that the minister meets the standards for conference membership established by the Discipline and the annual conference. A psychological report, criminal background and credit check, and reports of sexual misconduct and/or child abuse shall be required. They shall submit, on a form provided by the

Section moved to adaptable BOD 347.2=GBOD 337.001 members for at least two years and complete all the requirements, including courses in United Methodist history, doctrine, and polity, before being admitted into full conference membership.

c) Following the provisional member's election to full conference membership as a deacon or elder, the bishop and secretary of the conference shall provide a certificate of full membership in the annual conference.

4. The Board of Ordained Ministry of an annual conference is required to ascertain from an ordained clergyperson seeking admission into its membership on credentials from another denomination whether or not membership in the effective relation was previously held in an annual conference of The United Methodist Church or one of its legal predecessors, and if so, when and under what circumstances the ordained clergy's connection with such annual conference was severed.

5. Ordained clergy seeking admission into an annual conference on credentials from another denomination who have previously withdrawn from membership in the effective relation in an annual conference of The United Methodist Church or one of its legal predecessors shall not be admitted or readmitted without the consent of the annual conference from which they withdrew or its legal successor, such consent to be granted upon recommendation of its Board of Ordained Ministry.

6. After the orders of an ordained minister of another church shall have been duly recognized, and the minister has been approved for full membership, the certificates of ordination by said church shall be returned to the minister with the following inscription written plainly on the back:

These orders are recognized by the ____ They shall and present a satisfactory certificate of Annual Conference of The United Methodist

conference Board of Ordained Ministry:

(1) a notarized statement detailing any convictions for felony or misdemeanor or written accusations of sexual misconduct or child abuse; or

(2) a notarized statement certifying that this candidate has not been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor, or accused in writing of sexual misconduct or child abuse.

b) Ordained elders or ordained clergy being transferred from other Methodist churches shall meet the educational requirements of The United Methodist Church, or the equivalent approved by the General Board of Higher Education and Ministry.

c) The General Board of Higher Education and Ministry shall certify the satisfaction of educational requirements for conference membership and, in cases where additional education is required, shall develop an educational program in consultation with the Board of Ordained Ministry.

From Other Denominations-a) 3. On recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry, the clergy session of the annual conference members in full connection may recognize the orders of ordained clergy from other denominations and receive them as provisional members or local pastors. They shall present their credentials for examination by the bishop and Board of Ordained Ministry. They shall and give assurance of their Christian faith and experience, and-They shall give evidence of their agreement with and willingness to support and maintain United Methodist doctrine, discipline, and polity. They shall meet the educational requirements and standards for conference membership.

good health on the prescribed form from a physician

Section moved to adaptable

BOD 347.3 = GBOD 337.002

<i>Church, this day of</i> ,	approved by the Board of Ordained Ministry. The Board	
[year].	of Ordained Ministry, in consultation with the General	
, President	Board of Higher Education and Ministry, shall	
, Secretary	determine whether they meet the educational	
GBOD ¶ 337.1 = 347.1+604.6+7; 337.2=347.2a; 337.3-	requirements for conference membership. A	
6=347.3-6	psychological report, criminal background and credit	
	check, and reports of sexual misconduct and/or child	
	abuse shall be required. They shall submit, on a form	
	provided by the conference Board of Ordained Ministry:	
	(1) a notarized statement detailing any	
	convictions for felony or misdemeanor or written	
	accusations of sexual misconduct of child abuse; or	
	(2) a notarized statement certifying that the	
	candidate has not been convicted of a felony or	
	misdemeanor, or accused in writing of sexual	
	misconduct or child abuse.	
	b) Ordained elders or ordained clergy from other	
	Christian denominations shall serve as provisional	
	members for at least two years and complete all the	
	requirements of ¶ 335, including courses in United	
	Methodist history, doctrine, and polity, before being	
	admitted into full conference membership.	
	c) Following the provisional member's election	
	to full conference membership as a deacon or elder-as	
	provided in \P 326, the bishop and secretary of the	
	conference shall provide a certificate of full membership	
	in the annual conference.	
	4. The Board of Ordained Ministry of an annual	
	conference is required to ascertain from an ordained	
	clergyperson seeking admission into its membership on	
	credentials from another denomination whether or not	
	membership in the effective relation was previously held	
	in an annual conference of The United Methodist	
	Church or one of its legal predecessors, and if so, when	
	and under what circumstances the ordained clergy's	

	 minister's connection with such annual conference was severed. 5. Ordained clergy seeking admission into an annual conference on credentials from another denomination who have previously withdrawn from membership in the effective relation in an annual conference of The United Methodist Church or one of its legal predecessors shall not be admitted or readmitted without the consent of the annual conference from which they withdrew or its legal successor, or the annual conference of which the major portion of their former conference is a part, such consent to be granted upon recommendation of its Board of Ordained Ministry. 6. After the orders of an ordained minister of another church shall have been duly recognized, and the minister has been approved for full membership, the certificates of ordination by said church shall be returned to the minister-with the following inscription written plainly on the back: <i>These orders are recognized by the</i>	
Section IX. Mentoring, Evaluation, Continuing		
Education, and Sabbatical Leave	Continuing Education, and Sabbatical Leave	Section titles should cover more than only one paragraph. Therefore,
Education, and Sabbatical Leave ¶ 338. <i>Mentors</i> — 1. Mentoring occurs within a	Continuing Education, and Sabbatical Leave [348] ¶ 338. Mentors-1. Mentors shall be recommended	
Education, and Sabbatical Leave	Continuing Education, and Sabbatical Leave	than only one paragraph. Therefore,

ministry, and possesses the necessary skill to help individuals discern their call in ministry. Mentoring is a part of the preparation and growth for inquirers and candidates for ordained ministry, local pastors and provisional members of an annual conference. Mentoring is distinct from the evaluative and supervisory process that is a part of preparation for ministry.

2. Mentors shall be recommended by the cabinet, selected, trained and held accountable by the Board of Ordained Ministry. Each central conference shall establish a mentoring program for candidates and provisional members, and for local pastors who have not completed educational requirements. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the *Discipline*.

>VII: 338.001< GBOD ¶ 338.1+2 = 348.2+ 1Intro responsibilities as follows: *a)* Candidacy mentors are clergy in full connection, associate members, or local pastors who have completed the Course of Study trained to provide counsel and guidance related to the candidacy process. Candidates will be assigned to a candidacy mentoring group, wherever possible, or to a candidacy mentor by the district committee on ordained ministry in consultation with the vocational discernment coordinator (wherever named) and the district superintendent (¶ 310). Candidates will be assigned to a candidacy mentor or mentoring groups to meet with until they begin serving as a local pastor or provisional member.

b) Clergy mentors are clergy in full connection, associate members, full-time, or part-time local pastors who have completed the Course of Study trained to provide ongoing oversight and counsel with local pastors and with provisional members. Local pastors will be assigned a clergy mentor by the district committee on ordained ministry in consultation with the district superintendent. Provisional members will be assigned a clergy mentor in full connection by the conference Board of Ordained Ministry in consultation with the district superintendent. A candidacy mentor may continue with the same person if trained to serve as a clergy mentor.

<u>1.2.</u> Mentoring occurs within a relationship where the mentor takes responsibility for creating a safe place for reflection and growth. An effective mentor has a mature faith, models effective ministry, and possesses the necessary skill to help individuals discern their call in ministry. Mentoring is a part of the preparation and growth for inquirers and candidates for ordained ministry, local pastors and provisional members of an

	1 1	
	annual conference. Mentoring is distinct from the evaluative and supervisory process that is a part of preparation for ministry. <u>2.</u> Mentors shall be recommended by the cabinet, selected, trained and held accountable by the Board of	
	Ordained Ministry. Each central conference shall establish a mentoring program for candidates and provisional members, and for local pastors who have not completed educational requirements. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of	
	<u>conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of</u> <u>the Discipline.</u> <u>>VII: 338.001<</u> <u>3. Local pastors and provisional members will be</u> <u>assigned to a clergy mentoring group, wherever</u>	
	possible, or to a clergy mentor by the Board of Ordained Ministry. Persons transferring from other denominations will also be assigned a clergy mentor (¶ 347.3.b).	
	4. Clergy mentoring begins when a person receives an appointment as a local pastor or as a provisional member. It is expected that all annual conferences will make	
	available and encourage the use of spiritual guides, life coaches, pastoral counselors or vocational mentors for all clergy, separate from the superintendent, and that clergy will utilize these kinds of support as a standard	
I 220 Evoluction 1 Evoluction is a continuous	practice of ministry throughout the clergy career, and in all assignments or appointments.	
¶ 339. <i>Evaluation</i> —1. Evaluation is a continuous process for formation in servant ministry and servant leadership that must take place in a spirit of understanding and acceptance. Evaluation serves as a process for clergy to assess their effectiveness in	 Section XIV. Evaluation for Continuing Formation for Full Members and Local Pastors [349] ¶ 339. Evaluation-<u>1.</u> Evaluation is a continuous process for formation in servant ministry and servant leadership that must take place in a spirit of 	
ministry and to discern God's call to continue in ordained ministry.	understanding and acceptance. Evaluation serves as a process for clergy to assess their effectiveness in	

2. The district superintendent, in consultation with the pastor-parish relations committee, will evaluate the clergy's effectiveness for ministry, using criteria, processes, and training developed by the cabinet and the Board of Ordained Ministry. >VII: 339.001< GBOD ¶ 339.1-2 = 349Intro+1	ministry and to discern God's call to continue in ordained ministry. <u>2.1. For clergy serving local churches, t</u> The district superintendent, in consultation with the pastor-parish relations committee, will evaluate annually each clergy's effectiveness for ministry (¶¶ 334.2 <i>c</i> , 419, 635.2 <i>o</i> , <i>r</i>), using criteria, processes, and training developed by the cabinet and the Board of Ordained Ministry. \geq VII: 339.001<	Information on eight year assessment moved to adaptable BOD 349 = GBOD 339.001
¶ 340. <i>Continuing Education and Spiritual Growth</i> — Throughout their careers, clergy shall engage in continuing education for ministry, professional development, and spiritual formation and growth in order to lead the church in fulfilling the mission of making disciples for Jesus Christ. >VII: 340.001< GBOD ¶ 340.1-5 = 350-3+5-6	[350] ¶ 340. Continuing Education and Spiritual Growth-1. Throughout their careers, clergy shall engage in continuing education for ministry, professional development, and spiritual formation and growth in order to lead the church in fulfilling the mission of making disciples for Jesus Christ. >VII: 340.001<	Continuing education specifics moved to adaptable BOD 350 = GBOD 340.001
¶ 341. <i>Sabbatical Leave</i> —A sabbatical leave should be allowed for a program of study or travel approved by the Board of Ordained Ministry. Clergy members in full connection, or in associate membership, who have been serving in a full-time appointment for six consecutive years or in a less than full-time appointment equivalent to six consecutive full-time years, from the time of their reception into full or associate membership, may be granted a sabbatical leave for up to one year. ²⁷ The appointment to sabbatical leave is to be made by the bishop holding the conference, upon the vote of the annual conference after recommendation by the Board of Ordained Ministry. >VII: 341.001< GBOD ¶ 341 = 351 ²⁷ See Judicial Council Decision 473.	[351] ¶ 341. Sabbatical Leave-A sabbatical leave should be allowed for a program of study or travel approved by the conference Board of Ordained Ministry. Associate members or c Clergy members in full connection, or associate membership, who have been serving in a full-time appointment for six consecutive years, or in a less than full-time appointment equivalent to six consecutive full-time years, from the time of their reception into full or associate membership, may be granted a sabbatical leave for up to one year. ²⁷ Whenever possible, the compensation level of the last appointment served before the leave should be maintained in the appointment to sabbatical leave is to be made by the bishop holding the conference, upon the vote of the annual conference after recommendation by	

	the Board of Ordained Ministry. Associate members and clergy members in full connection shall submit a written request for a sabbatical leave, including plans for study or travel, to the Board of Ordained Ministry, with copies to the bishop and district superintendent, ordinarily six months before the opening session of the annual conference. To be eligible for an additional sabbatical leave, associate members and elergy members in full connection shall have served six consecutive years under full time appointment, or in a less than full-time appointment equivalent to six consecutive full-time years, following the previous sabbatical leave. ³⁵ After consultation and with the written consent of the pastor in charge, and with the approval of the district superintendent, clergy members granted sabbatical leave shall designate a charge conference within the bounds of the annual conference in which they shall hold membership and to which they shall submit an annual report. >VII: 341.001<	BOD 351 = GBOD 341.001
	²⁷ See Judicial Council Decision 473.	
Section X. Changes of Conference Relationship ¶ 342. General Provisions for Changes in Conference Relationship— 1. When a change in conference relationship is deemed necessary or desirable by a clergy in full connection, or a provisional or associate member, whether for a short or long term, the person requesting the change shall make written request to the Board of Ordained Ministry stating the reasons for the requested change of relationship. >VII: 342.001< 2. Conference Relationship in Voluntary Leaves and Retirement - In voluntary leaves of absence,	Section X.XV. Changes of Conference Relationship [352] ¶ 342. Provision for Change in Conference Relationship-1. When a change in conference relationship is deemed necessary or desirable by a provisional or associate member, clergy in full connection, or a provisional or associate member, district superintendent or bishop, whether for a short or long term, the person(s) requesting the change shall make written request to their Board of Ordained Ministry stating the reasons for the requested change of relationship.	¶342 is an overview of general provisions which may help to understand the structural logic of the different following paragraphs. Text has been partly re-drafted for parallelism in phrasing.

maternity or paternity leaves, medical leaves, and any form of retirement, clergy members remain members of the annual conference, and eligible for membership on annual conference units, and eligible to serve as delegates to General or central or jurisdictional conferences.²⁸ With regard to their respective charge conference, the following regulations shall be followed:

a) Voluntary Leaves of Absence – With the written consent of the pastor in charge and the staff-parish relations committee, and the approval of the district superintendent, clergy members shall designate a charge conference within the bounds of the annual conference to which they shall relate and submit an annual report of their ministerial activities to the charge conference. Their ministerial activities shall be limited to that charge conference, under the supervision of its pastor in charge. With the permission of the bishop and under the supervision of the respective district superintendent, they may exercise ministerial activities outside of their charge.²⁹

b) Retirement – All retired clergy members in full or associate membership who are not appointed as pastors of a charge, after consultation with the pastor in charge and the district superintendent, shall have a seat in the charge conference and all the privileges of membership in the church where they elect to hold such membership except as set forth in the *Discipline*. They shall submit an annual report of their ministerial activities to the charge conference. If they reside outside the bounds of the annual

conference, they shall forward their report to the charge conference where membership is held, signed by the pastor in charge of the affiliate charge conference where they reside. >VII: 342.002<

In addition, the Board of Ordained Ministry may request personal interviews with the provisional or associate members and members in full connection named in the requested change, except where personal appearance results in undue hardship.³⁶ Clergy appointed to a general agency of The United Methodist Church shall be covered by the policies of the agency in relation to family leave, maternity or paternity leave, and medical leave.

[353.7+8] <u>2. Conference Relationship in Voluntary</u> <u>Leaves and Retirement-7. Clergypersons on In</u> voluntary leaves of absence, maternity or paternity leaves, medical leaves, and any form of retirement, clergy members remain members of the annual conference, and shall be eligible for membership on annual conference <u>units</u>, committees, commissions, or boards. They may vote for other clergy delegates to General or jurisdictional conferences and may be elected and eligible to serve as delegates <u>to General or central or jurisdictional</u> conferences<u>themselves</u>.²⁸

8. After consultation and With regard to their respective charge conference, the following regulations shall be followed:

<u>a) Voluntary Leaves of Absence-</u> <u>wW</u>ith the written consent of the pastor in charge_and the staff-parish relations committee, and with the approval of the district superintendent-and the staff-parish relations committee of a local church, clergy members shall designate a charge conference within the bounds of the annual conference to which they shall relate and submit an annual report_of their_. They shall report all marriages performed, baptisms administered, funerals conducted and other ministerial activities to the charge conference. Their ministerial activities, pastor in charge, and Board of Ordained Ministry. The exercise of this ministry-shall

BOD 352 = GBOD 342.001

3. Conference Relationship in Honorable Location - In honorable location, clergy members shall not continue to hold membership in the annual conference. With the written consent of the pastor in charge and the staff-parish relations committee, and the approval of the district superintendent, located clergy members shall designate the local church in which they shall hold membership. They shall relate and submit an annual report of their ministerial activities to the charge conference, and forward the report to the Board of Ordained Ministry. Failure to submit the report for two consecutive years may result in termination of orders upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry and vote of the clergy session.

The ministerial activities of located clergy shall be limited to that charge conference, under the supervision of its pastor in charge. With the permission of the bishop and under the supervision of the respective district superintendent, they may exercise ministerial activities outside of their charge. When approved by the Board of Ordained Ministry, a clergy on honorable location may be appointed *ad interim* by the bishop as a local pastor. >VII: 342.003<

4. *Conference Relationship in Involuntary Leave* - In involuntary leaves of absence, clergy members remain members of the annual conference, but shall not be members on annual conference units, nor elect delegates or be eligible as delegates to General or central or jurisdictional conferences.

With the written consent of the pastor in charge and the staff-parish relations committee, and the approval of the district superintendent, clergy members shall designate a charge conference within the bounds of the annual conference to which they shall relate and submit an annual report of their ministerial activities to

be limited to the charge conference—in which their membership is held and with the written permission, under the supervision of its—of the pastor in charge. unless special permission is granted by the bishop of the conference where membership is held. With the permission of the bishop of the conference where membership is held, and under the supervision of the respective_district superintendent, they may exercise ministerial activities_the clergy member may preach, teach, perform marriages, and, if holding sacramental privileges, administer the sacraments outside of the<u>ir</u> charge-where membership is held.²⁹

[357.5] 5. Charge Conference Membership-a)b) *Retirement*- All retired clergy members in full or associate relationship who are not appointed as pastors of a charge, after consultation with the pastor and the district superintendent, shall have a seat in the charge conference and all the privileges of membership in the church where they elect to hold such membership except as set forth in the Discipline. They shall submit an annual report of their ministerial activities to the charge conference-and to the pastor all marriages performed, baptisms administered, and other pastoral functions. If they reside outside the bounds of the annual conference-where membership is held, they shall forward annually to the charge conference where membership is held a their report to the charge conference where membership is held of their Christian and ministerial conduct, signed by the district superintendent or the pastor in charge of the affiliate charge conference where they reside. >VII: 342.002<

[358.2] <u>3. Conference Relationship in Honorable</u> <u>Location- In honorable location, 2. Associate members</u> or clergy members in full connection located according to the provisions of this paragraph shall not continue to the charge conference. Their ministerial activities shall be limited to that charge conference, under the supervision of its pastor in charge.

5. Conference Relationship in Administrative *Location* - In administrative location, clergy members shall not continue to hold membership in the annual conference. With the written consent of the pastor in charge and the staff-parish relations committee, and the approval of the district superintendent, located clergy members shall designate the local church in which they shall hold membership. They shall relate and submit an annual report of their ministerial activities to the charge conference, and forward the report to the Board of Ordained Ministry. Failure to submit the report for two consecutive years may result in termination of orders upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry and vote of the clergy session. The ministerial activities of located clergy shall be limited to that charge conference, under the supervision of its pastor in charge. >VII: 342.004< GBOD ¶ 342.1 = 352; 342.2=353.7+8+357.5; 342.3=358.2; 342.4=354.8+7; 342.5=359.3 ²⁸ See Judicial Council Decision 473. ²⁹ See Judicial Council Decision 581.

hold membership in the annual conference., and they shall surrender their certification of conference membership for deposit with the conference secretary. After consultation and with With the written consent of the pastor in charge and the staff-parish relations committee, and with the approval of the district superintendent-and the staff-parish relations committee of a local church, located clergy members shall designate the local church in which they shall hold membership. Documentation of this consent and approvals shall be filed with the Board of Ordained Ministry of the annual conference that granted them honorable location. As clergy members of the charge conference, they shall be permitted to exercise ministerial functions only with the written permission of the pastor in charge. They shall have all the privileges of membership in the church where they elect to hold charge conference membership, except as set forth in the Book of Discipline. When approved by the executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry, a person on honorable location may be appointed ad interim by the bishop as a local pastor.⁵⁴ A copy of the They shall relate and submit an annual report of their ministerial activities to the charge conference, and forward the report shall be forwarded to the registrar of the Board of Ordained Ministry. of the annual conference that granted them honorable location in order for location to be continued. They shall report to the charge conference and the pastor all marriages performed, baptisms administered, and funerals conducted and shall be held amenable for their conduct and the continuation of their ordination rights to the annual conference that granted them honorable location.

Failure to submit the report for two consecutive years may result in termination of orders upon

recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry and vote of the clergy session. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to persons granted involuntary location prior to the General Conference of 1976. The names of located members after the annual passage of their character shall be printed in the journal. [As clergy members of the charge conference, they shall be permitted to exercise ministerial functions only with the written permission of the pastor in charge.]The ministerial activities of located clergy shall be limited to that charge conference, under the supervision of its pastor in charge. [When approved by the executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry, a person on honorable location may be appointed ad interim by the bishop as a local pastor.⁵⁴ With the permission of the bishop and under the supervision of the respective district superintendent, they may exercise ministerial activities outside of their charge. When approved by the Board of Ordained Ministry, a clergy on honorable location may be appointed *ad interim* by the bishop as a local pastor. \geq VII: 342.003 \leq

[354.8+354.7] <u>4. Conference Relationship in</u> Involuntary Leave- In involuntary leaves of absence, clergy members remain members of the annual conference, but 8. Clergy on involuntary leave-shall not be members on participate in the boards and agencies of the annual conference units, nor elect delegates or be eligible as, be delegates to General and or central or jurisdictional conferences, or vote on other clergy delegates.

7. Clergy placed on involuntary leave shall designate a charge conference within the bounds of the annual conference. Ministerial service shall be limited to that charge and shall only be provided with<u>With</u> the written consent of the pastor in charge and <u>the staff-parish</u> relations committee, and with the approval of the district superintendent, bishop, and pastor/staff parish relations committee.47 clergy members shall designate a charge conference within the bounds of the annual conference to which they shall relate and submit an annual report of their ministerial activities to the charge conference. Their ministerial activities shall be limited to that charge conference, under the supervision of its pastor in charge. [359.3] 5. Conference Relationship in Administrative Location- In administrative location, 3. Administratively located clergy members shall not continue to hold membership in the annual conference. With , and they shall surrender their certification of conference membership for deposit with the conference secretary. After consultation and with the written consent of the pastor in charge and the staff-parish relations committeee, and with the approval of the district superintendent-and the staff-parish relations committee of a local church, located clergy members placed on administrative location shall designate the local church in whichh they shall hold membership. a charge conference within the bounds of the annual conference that placed them on administrative location. They shall relate and submit an annual report of their ministerial activities to the charge conference, and forward the report to the Board of Ordained Ministry. Failure to submit the report for two consecutive years may result in termination of orders upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry and vote of the clergy session.

<u>The ministerial activities of located clergy</u> <u>Ministerial service</u> shall be limited to that charge <u>conference</u>, <u>under the supervision of its</u> and shall be provided only with the written consent of the pastor in charge. and the district superintendent_and with the approval of the bishop and pastor/staff parish relations committee. An annual report shall be made to the charge

	conference that includes all marriages performed, baptisms administered, and funerals conducted. A copy of the report shall be forwarded to the registrar of the Board of Ordained Ministry in order for location to be continued. They shall be held amenable by the annual conference within which the charge conference membership is held for their conduct and the continuation of their ordination rights. Failure to submit the report to the Board of Ordained Ministry for two consecutive years may result in termination of orders upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry and vote of the clergy session. >VII: 342.004<	
¶ 343. <i>Voluntary Leave of Absence</i> —1. Members in full connection, or provisional or associate members of the annual conference who for sufficient reason choose to temporarily take leave from their ministerial appointment may request in writing with a copy to the bishop and their district superintendent a voluntary leave through the Board of Ordained Ministry. The leave is granted or renewed annually by vote of the clergy session of the annual conference upon recommendation by the Board of Ordained Ministry. 2. Each central conference shall determine a procedure for granting voluntary leaves of absence. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the <i>Discipline.</i> >VII: 343.001< GBOD ¶ 343.1 = 353.1; 344.2=new	 ²⁹ See Judicial Council Decision 581. [353] ¶ 343. Voluntary Leave of Absence- Provisional, associate, or m-Members in full connection, or provisional or associate members of the annual conference who for sufficient reason choose to temporarily take leave from their ministerial appointment may request in writing with a copy to the bishop and their district superintendent a voluntary leave through the Board of Ordained Ministry. This leave is granted or renewed <u>annually</u> by vote of the clergy session of the annual conference shall determine a procedure for granting voluntary leaves of absence. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the Discipline. >VII: 343.001< 	Specifics on voluntary leave moved to adaptable BOD 353.212 = GBOD 343.001
¶ 344. <i>Involuntary Leave of Absence</i> — 1. The bishop and the district superintendents may request an involuntary leave of absence without the consent of the	[354] ¶ 344. Involuntary Leave of Absence- 1. The bishop and the district superintendents may request an involuntary leave of absence without the	

provisional, associate, or full member. They shall give	consent of the provisional, associate, or full member.	
to the clergy member and the Board of Ordained	They shall give to the clergy member and the Board of	
Ministry in writing specific reasons for the request. The	Ordained Ministry in writing specific reasons for the	
request shall be referred to the Board of Ordained	request. The request shall be referred to the Board of	
Ministry. The fair process for administrative hearings as	Ordained Ministry. The fair process for administrative	
set forth in ¶ 352.2 shall be followed in any involuntary	hearings as set forth in $\P 352.2 361.2$ shall be followed	
leave of absence procedure.	in any involuntary leave of absence procedure.	
2. Involuntary leave of absence shall be	2. An involuntary leave may be requested by the	
approved by two-thirds vote of the clergy session of the	bishop and the district superintendent. The request shall	
annual conference, ³⁰ renewable annually for a maximum	be referred to the Board of Ordained Ministry and follow	
of three years.	procedures for a fair process hearing as set forth in ¶	
3. Between sessions of the annual conference,	362.2 when:	BOD 354.211 = GBOD 344.001
the bishop and cabinet may request that an involuntary	a) A written and signed complaint is not resolved	
leave of absence be granted or terminated by the Board	through the supervisory (¶ 363.1b, c), complaint (¶	
of Ordained Ministry. This interim action shall be	363.1 <i>e</i>), or trial process within 90 days, or clearly cannot	
subject to the approval of the clergy session of the	be resolved within 90 days.	
annual conference at its next session.	b) Action pursuant to ¶ 364 (Involuntary Status	
4. Each central conference shall determine a	Change) is required to address allegations of	
procedure for granting voluntary leaves of absence.	incompetence, ineffectiveness, or inability to perform	
Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in	ministerial duties. ⁴⁴	
Part VII of the <i>Discipline</i> . >VII: 344.001<	3. Should there be complaints or charges pending at	
GBOD ¶ 344.1 = 354;1; 344.2-3=354.4-5; 344.3=new	the time of a request for involuntary leave of absence,	
³⁰ See Judicial Council Decision 782.	they should be placed in the personnel file of the	
	elergyperson. All subsequent actions concerning such	
	entries should be duly noted and placed in the file. ⁴⁵	
	<u>2.4.</u> Involuntary leave of absence shall be approved	
	by two-thirds vote of the clergy session of members in	
	full connection with the annual conference. ⁵⁷ . Judicial	
	Council Decision 782, renewable Involuntary leave	
	shall be approved annually upon written request of the	
	district superintendents and shall not be approved for	
	more than for a maximum of three years in succession.	
	3.5. Between sessions of the annual conference, the	
	bishop and cabinet may request that an involuntary leave	
	of absence be granted or terminated (¶ 364), by the	Rest of Involuntary leave moved to
1		Rest of involuntary leave moved to

	executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry.This interim action shall be subject to the approval of theclergy session of members in full connection with theannual conference at its next session.4. Each central conference shall determine a procedurefor granting voluntary leaves of absence. Jurisdictionalconferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII ofthe Discipline.>VII: 344.001	adaptable
¶ 345. <i>Maternity or Paternity Leave</i> —Maternity or paternity leave, will be available and shall be granted by the bishop and the cabinet, and the Board of Ordained Ministry to any local pastor, provisional member, associate member, or clergy member in full connection who so requests it at the birth or arrival of a child into the home for purposes of adoption, subject to keeping minimum standards of civil law. >VII: 345.001< GBOD ¶ 345 = 355.Intro	[355] ¶ 345. <i>Maternity or Paternity Leave</i> -Maternity or paternity leave, not to exceed one fourth of a year, will be available and shall be granted by the bishop and the cabinet, and the executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry to any local pastor, provisional member, associate member, or clergy member in full connection who so requests it at the birth or arrival of a child into the home for purposes of adoption, subject to <u>keeping minimum standards of civil law</u> . <u>>VII: 345.001<</u>	Specifics on maternity and paternity leave moved to adaptable BOD 355 = GBOD 345.001
¶ 346. <i>Medical Leave Due to Medical and Disabling</i> <i>Conditions that Prevent Performance of Ministerial</i> <i>Duties</i> —1. When clergy who are members of an annual conference (¶ 308) are unable to perform their ministerial duties because of medical and disabling conditions, upon recommendations of the Board of Ordained Ministry and the appropriate board of pensions, and by a majority vote of the clergy session of the annual conference who are present and voting, they may be granted annual medical leave without losing their relationship to the annual conference; provided, however, that such leave may be granted or renewed upon reasonable and appropriate investigation of the	[356] ¶ 346. Medical Leave Due to Medical and Disabling Conditions that Prevent Performance of Ministerial Duties-1. When clergy who are members of an annual conference (¶ <u>308</u> 369) are unable to perform their ministerial duties because of medical and disabling conditions, upon recommendations of the conference Board of Ordained Ministry and the conference appropriate board of pensions, and by a majority vote of the executive session of clergy session of members in full connection with the annual conference who are present and voting, they may be granted annual medical leave without losing their relationship to the annual conference; provided, however, that such leave may be granted or renewed upon reasonable and appropriate	

case by the appropriate committee, or in its absence by the Board of Ordained Ministry. >VII: 346.001<

2. When clergy who are members of an annual conference are unable to perform their ministerial duties between sessions of the annual conference on account of medical conditions, with the approval of a majority of the district superintendents, after consultation with the Board of Ordained Ministry a medical leave may be granted by the bishop for the remainder of the conference year; provided, however, that such leave may be granted upon reasonable and appropriate investigation of the case. >VII: 346.002<

3. The policies for termination of medical leave shall follow procedures in compliance with local and national civil laws. >VII: 346.003<

4. Any person eligible to receive an appointment from a bishop and able to perform ministerial duties may not be placed on involuntary medical leave solely because of a medical condition. All reasonable accommodations should be made to enable qualified clergy with disabilities to serve in ministry settings compatible with their gifts and graces. GBOD ¶ 346.1-2 = 356.1-2; 346.3=356.3+new; 346.4=356.5

investigation of the case by the appropriate committee, or in it's absence by the Board of Ordained Ministry. >VII: 346.001< the joint committee on clergy medical leave of the annual conference, or the party responsible for managing clergy medical leaves in accordance with the annual conference's policies, which will report its findings to the conference Board of Ordained Ministry and the conference board of pensions. This relationship may be initiated by the clergy member or cabinet with or without the consent of the clergy member through the Board of Ordained Ministry. When medical leave is given without the clergy member's consent, reasonable accommodation shall be offered whenever possible. When a clergy member is granted medical leave by the annual conference, if the medical evidence has not yet met the standards for the receipt of benefits as set forth in the Comprehensive Protection Plan, section 5.04, the conference board of pensions may authorize payment of the benefits in the amount that would otherwise be payable from the Comprehensive Protection Plan. The payments shall be made by the General Board of Pension and Health Benefits as a charge to the annual conference granting the medical leave. If payments from the Comprehensive Protection Plan are subsequently approved, the annual conference will be reimbursed for benefits already paid, not to exceed the amount otherwise payable from the Comprehensive Protection Plan. Each medical leave granted by the annual conference shall be recorded in the conference minutes.

2. When clergy who are members of an annual conference are unable to perform their ministerial duties between sessions of the annual conference on account of medical conditions, with the approval of a majority of the district superintendents, after consultation with the executive committee of the conference Board of

BOD 356 = GBOD 346.001 BOD 356.2 = GBOD 346.002 BOD 356.3 = GBOD 346.003 Ordained Ministry and the executive committee of the conference board of pensions, a medical leave may be granted by the bishop for the remainder of the conference year; provided, however, that such leave may be granted upon reasonable and appropriate investigation of the case. >VII: 346.002< including accommodation provisions by the joint committee on clergy medical leave of the annual conference, or the party responsible for managing clergy medical leaves in accordance with the annual conference's policies, which will report its findings to the conference Board of Ordained Ministry and the conference board of pensions. When a clergy member is granted medical leave by the bishop, if the medical evidence has not yet met the standards for receipt of benefits as set forth in the Comprehensive Protection Plan, section 5.04, the conference board of pensions may authorize payment of the benefits in the amount that would otherwise be payable from the Comprehensive Protection Plan. The payments shall be made by the General Board of Pension and Health Benefits as a charge to the annual conference granting the medical leave. If payments from the Comprehensive Protection Plan are subsequently approved, the annual conference will be reimbursed for benefits already paid, not to exceed the amount otherwise payable from the Comprehensive Protection Plan.

3. <u>The policies for termination of medical leave shall</u> <u>follow procedures in compliance with local and national</u> <u>civil laws. >VII: 346.003</u><

When clergy members on medical leave provide medical evidence that they have recovered sufficiently to resume ministerial duties, or are able to return through reasonable accommodation, in consultation with the appointive cabinet, upon recommendation of the joint

	committee on clergy medical leave or the conference relations committee, and with the approval of the executive committee of the conference Board of Ordained Ministry, they may receive an appointment from a bishop between sessions of the annual conference, thereby terminating the medical leave. Such appointment shall be reported immediately by the cabinet to the conference board of pensions and to the General Board of Pension and Health Benefits. Such termination of leave, together with the effective date, shall also be recorded in the minutes of the annual conference at its next regular session. ⁴⁵ 4. A person under consideration for medical leave shall have the right to appear before the joint committee on clergy medical leave or to designate someone to meet with the committee on his or her behalf. In the event of unresolved issues, a person will be ensured of fair process per the guidelines for administrative hearings in ¶362.2. <u>4.5.</u> Any person eligible to receive an appointment from a bishop and able to perform ministerial duties may not be placed on involuntary medical leave solely because of a medical condition. All reasonable accommodations should be made to enable qualified clergy with disabilities to serve in ministry settings compatible with their gifts and graces. (See 2016 <i>Book of Resolutions</i> , 3002.)	
¶ 347. <i>Honorable Location</i> —An annual conference may grant clergy members in full or associate membership certificates of honorable location at their own request, provided that the Board of Ordained Ministry shall have first examined their character and found them in good standing, and provided that the clergy session shall also pass on their character after the request is made, and provided further, that this relation	[358] ¶ 347. <i>Honorable Location</i> -1.—An annual conference may grant clergy members in full connection <u>or associate members</u> certificates of honorable location at their own request, provided that the Board of Ordained Ministry shall have first examined their character and found them in good standing, and provided that the clergy session shall also pass on their	

shall be granted only to one who intends to discontinue service in the itinerant ministry. Upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry, an annual conference may offer transition assistance. >VII: 347.001< GBOD ¶347 = 358.1	character after the request is made, and provided further, that this relation shall be granted only to one who intends to discontinue service in the itinerant ministry. The Board of Ordained Ministry shall provide guidance and counsel to the locating member and family as they return to a new relationship in the local church. Upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry, an annual conference may offer transition assistance.	Rest of paragraph moved to adaptable BOD 358.2 = GBOD 342.003
¶ 348. Administrative Location—1. When the	[359] ¶ 348. Administrative Location-1. When the	
effectiveness of a clergy in associate or full membership is in question, the bishop shall complete the following	<u>effectiveness of a clergy in an</u> associate or full membership elergyperson's effectiveness is in question,	
procedure:	the bishop shall complete the following procedure:	
<i>a)</i> Identify the concerns on failed professional	a) Identify the concerns on . These can include an	
responsibilities or vocational ineffectiveness.	associate or full member clergyperson's failed	
b) Hold supervisory conversations with the	professional responsibilities or vocational	
clergyperson that identifies the concerns and designs	ineffectiveness.	
collaboratively with the clergyperson a corrective plan	b) Hold supervisory conversations with the associate	
of action.	or full member clergyperson that identifies the concerns	
c) Evaluate whether the plan of action has	and designs collaboratively with the associate or full	
produced fruit that gives a realistic expectation of future effectiveness.	member clergyperson a corrective plan of action. c) Upon evaluation, determine that Evaluate whether	
2. If the process defined above (§1) has been	the plan of action has not been carried out or produced	
completed and has failed to produce sufficient	fruit that gives a realistic expectation of future	
improvement, the bishop and the district superintendents	effectiveness $(\P 334.3)$.	
may request that an associate or full member be placed	2. If the process defined above (§1) has been	
on administrative location without the consent of the	completed and has failed to produce sufficient	
clergy member. They shall provide to the clergy	improvement, the bishop and the district superintendents	
member and the Board of Ordained Ministry, in writing,	may request that an associate or full member be placed	
specific reasons for the request. The conference	on administrative location without the consent of the	
relations committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry	clergy member. They shall provide to the clergy member	
shall conduct a fair process hearing as set forth in ¶	and the Board of Ordained Ministry, in writing, specific	
352.2 in any administrative location procedure. The	reasons for the request. The conference relations	

full Board of Ordained Ministry for its action. Any recommendation to administrative location shall be presented from the Board of Ordained Ministry at the next following meeting of the clergy session for final action. Between sessions of the annual conference, an associate or full member may be placed on administrative location by the Board of Ordained Ministry. This interim action shall be subject to the approval of the clergy session of the annual conference at its next session. ³¹ >VII: 348.001< GBOD ¶348.1-2 = 359.1-2 ³¹ See Judicial Council Decision 695.	conduct a fair process hearing as set forth in ¶ <u>352.2</u> <u>361.2</u> in any administrative location procedure. The committee shall report the result of the hearing to the full Board of Ordained Ministry for its action. Any recommendation to administrative location shall be presented from the Board of Ordained Ministry at the next following meeting of the clergy session for final action. Between sessions of the annual conference, an associate or full member may be placed on administrative location by the Board of Ordained Ministry. This interim action shall be subject to the approval of the clergy session of members in full connection with—the annual conference at its next session. ³¹ >VII: 348.001< ³¹ See Judicial Council Decision 695.	Rest of section moved to adaptable BOD 359.4 = GBOD 348.001
¶ 349. <i>Retirement</i> —1. Retired clergy members are those who have been placed in the retired relation either at their own request or by action of the clergy session upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry. ³² Requests for retirement shall be stated to the bishop, cabinet, and Board of Ordained Ministry at least one hundred twenty days prior to the date on which retirement is to be effective unless waived by the bishop and cabinet. The Board of Ordained Ministry shall provide guidance and counsel to the retiring member and family as they begin a new relationship in the local church. ³³ >VII: 349.001< 2 <i>Mandatory Retirement</i> —Every clergy member of an annual conference who will have attained age seventy-two on or before the end of the month in which the conference session is concluded shall	[357] ¶ 349. <i>Retirement</i> - <u>1.</u> Retired clergy members are those who have been placed in the retired relation either at their own request or by action of the clergy session upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry. ³² (See ¶¶ 1506-1509 and the Ministerial Pension Plan, amended and restated effective January 1, 2007, as the Clergy Retirement Security Program, for pension information.) Requests for retirement shall be stated in writing to the bishop, cabinet, and Board of Ordained Ministry at least one hundred twenty days prior to the date on which retirement is to be effective unless waived by the bishop and cabinet. The Board of Ordained Ministry shall provide guidance and counsel to the retiring member and family as they begin a new relationship in the local church. ³³ >VII: 349.001< <u>2.1- Mandatory Retirement-</u> Every clergy member of	BOD 357.1 = GBOD 349.002 BOD 357.4 = GBOD 349.001 BOD 357.2 = GBOD 349.003 BOD 357.3 = GBOD 349.004 BOD 357.6=GBOD 349.005 BOD 357.7 = GBOD 349.006

automatically be retired.³⁴ Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the *Discipline*.>VII: 349.002<

3. Voluntary Retirement— With Twenty Years of Service—Any clergy members of the annual conference who have completed twenty years or more of service under appointment as ordained clergy or as local pastors may request the annual conference to place them in the retired relation.³⁵ Each annual conference within central conferences may establish further provisions for when and how voluntary retirement can take place. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the *Discipline*. >VII: 349.003<

4. *Involuntary Retirement*—By a two-thirds vote of those present and voting, the clergy session of the annual conference may place any clergy members in the retired relation with or without their consent and irrespective of their age if such relation is recommended by the Board of Ordained Ministry and the cabinet.³⁶ The procedures for fair process shall be followed in any involuntary retirement procedure. Written notice of the intended action shall be given to such member by the Board of Ordained Ministry at least 180 days prior to annual conference. >VII: 349.004<

5. Appointment of Retired Clergy—All retired clergy member in full or associate membership shall be eligible to receive an appointment when requested by the bishop and cabinet.³⁷>VII: 349.005 <

6. *Return to Effective Relationship*—A clergy member in full or associate membership who has retired under the provisions of § 2 may at his or her own request be made an effective member upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry, the bishop and cabinet, and by majority vote of the clergy session of the annual conference and thereby be eligible

an annual conference who will have attained age seventy-two on or before <u>the end of the month in which</u> <u>the conference session is concluded July 1 in the year in</u> <u>which the conference is held</u>-shall automatically be retired.³⁴ <u>Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the</u> procedures in Part VII of the *Discipline*.>VII: 349.002<

<u>3.2.</u> Voluntary Retirement-a) With Twenty Years of Service-Any clergy members of the annual conference who have completed twenty years or more of service under appointment as ordained ministers or as local pastors with pension credit for service before 1982 or with full participation in the Comprehensive Protection Plan since 1981 prior to the opening date of the session of the conference-may request the annual conference to place them in the retired relation.³⁵ Each annual conference within central conferences may establish further provisions for when and how voluntary retirement can take place. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the Discipline. >VII: 349.003<

<u>4.3.</u> Involuntary Retirement-By a two-thirds vote-of those present and voting, the clergy session of the annual conference members in full connection-may place any clergy members in the retired relation with or without their consent and irrespective of their age if such relation is recommended by the Board of Ordained Ministry and the cabinet.⁶⁸ Judicial Council Decisions 522, 769The procedures for fair process in administrative hearings shall be followed in any involuntary retirement procedure. The cabinet may recommend to the Board of Ordained ministry the involuntary retirement of the elergy member, or the Board of Ordained Ministry may make the recommendation upon its own motion. Written notice of the intended action shall be given to such member by the Board of Ordained Ministry at least 180 for appointment so long as he or she remains in the effective relation or until § 1 applies. Each clergy member requesting return to effective relationship after voluntary retirement must meet the following conditions: (1) presentation of their certificate of retirement; (2) a satisfactory certificate of good health. >VII: 349.006< GBOD ¶349.1-2 = 357Intro+1; 349.3=357.2a; 349.4=357.3; 349.5-6=357.6-7

³² See Judicial Council Decisions 87, 88, 531.

- ³³ See Judicial Council Decision 995.
- ³⁴ See Judicial Council Decisions 7, 165, 413, 578.
- ³⁵ See Judicial Council Decision 717.
- ³⁶ See Judicial Council Decisions 522, 769.
- ³⁷ See Judicial Council Decisions 87, 531, 558.

days prior to annual conference. Written notice also should be given to the chairperson of the administrative review committee. >VII: 349.004<

<u>5.6.</u> Appointment of Retired Ordained <u>Clergy</u> Ministers-A retired ordained minister <u>All retired clergy</u> members in full or associate membership shall be eligible to receive an appointment when requested by the bishop and cabinet.³⁷ >VII: 349.005<-A retired ordained minister appointed to a pastoral charge shall have neither a claim upon minimum compensation from the Commission on Equitable Compensation or similar conference agency, nor further pension credit. Compensation for a retired ordained minister shall be negotiated between the district superintendent and the pastoral charge or other appointment to which the retired ordained minister is appointed. Retired ordained ministers may serve on conference agencies.⁵³

6.7. Return to Effective Relationship-A clergy member in full or associate membership who has retired under the provisions of § 2¶ 358.2 may at his or her own request be made an effective member upon recommendation of the Board of Ordained Ministry, the bishop and cabinet, and by majority vote of the clergy session members in full connection of the annual conference and thereby be eligible for appointment so long as he or she remains in the effective relation or until § 1 ¶ 358.1 applies. Each clergy member requesting return to effective relationship after voluntary retirement must meet the following conditions: (1) presentation of their certificate of retirement; (2) a satisfactory certificate of good health. -on the prescribed form from a physician approved by the Board of Ordained Ministry. However, any pension being received through the General Board of Pension and Health Benefits shall be discontinued upon their return to the effective

	relationship. The pension shall be reinstated upon subsequent retirement. 32 See Judicial Council Decisions 87, 88, 531. 33 See Judicial Council Decision 995. 34 See Judicial Council Decisions 7, 165, 413, 578. 35 See Judicial Council Decision 717. 36 See Judicial Council Decisions 87, 531, 558.	
¶ 350. Withdrawal—1. Withdrawal to Unite with Another Denomination. ³⁸ —When ordained members in good standing withdraw to unite with another denomination or to terminate their membership in the denomination, their certification of conference membership, and their written request to withdraw shall be deposited with the conference secretary. 2. Withdrawal from the Ordained Ministerial Office—Ordained members of an annual conference in good standing who desire to leave their ministerial office and withdraw from the conference may be allowed to do so by the annual conference at its session. The clergy's certifications of ordination and conference membership, and their written request to withdraw, shall be given to the district superintendent for deposit with the secretary of the conference, and his or her membership may be transferred to a church which he or she designates, after consultation with the pastor, as the local church in which he or she will hold membership. ³⁹ 3. Withdrawal Under Complaints or Charges— When clergy members are named as respondents to a	 [360] ¶ 350. Withdrawal-1. Withdrawal to Unite with Another Denomination³⁸ -When ordained members in good standing withdraw to unite with another denomination or to terminate their membership in the denomination, their certification of conference membership, and their written request to withdraw shall be deposited with the conference secretary. 2. Withdrawal from the Ordained Ministerial Office-Ordained members of an annual conference in good standing who desire to leave their ministerial office and withdraw from the conference may be allowed to do so by the annual conference at its session. The ordained minister's clergy's certifications of ordination and conference membership, and their written request to withdraw, shall be given to the district superintendent for deposit with the secretary of the conference, and his or her membership may be transferred to a church which he or she designates, after consultation with the pastor, as the local church in which he or she will hold membership.³⁹ 3. Withdrawal Under Complaints or Charges-When 	
complaint under \P 353 and desire to withdraw from the membership of the annual conference, it may permit them to withdraw under the provisions of \P 2703.2 The clergy member's certifications of ordination and conference membership shall be surrendered to the	clergy members are named as respondents to a complaint under $\P 353 362.1(e)$ and desire to withdraw from the membership of the annual conference, it may permit them to withdraw under the provisions of $\P 2703.2 2719.2$. The clergy member's certifications of	

district superintendent for deposit with the secretary of	ordination and conference membership shall be	
the conference, and their membership may be	surrendered to the district superintendent for deposit	
transferred to a local church that they designate, after	with the secretary of the conference, and their	
consultation with the pastor. ⁴⁰ Withdrawn under	membership may be transferred to a local church that	
complaint or withdrawn under charges shall be written	they designate, after consultation with the pastor. ⁴⁰	
on the face of the credentials.	Withdrawn under complaint or withdrawn under charges	
4. Withdrawal Between Conferences—In the	shall be written on the face of the credentials.	
event that withdrawal by surrender of the ministerial	4. Withdrawal Between Conferences-In the event	
office, to unite with another denomination, or under	that withdrawal by surrender of the ministerial office, to	
complaints or charges, should occur in the interval	unite with another denomination, or under complaints or	
between sessions of an annual conference, the clergy	charges, should occur in the interval between sessions of	
member's credentials, under the provisions of §1 and	an annual conference, the clergy member's credentials,	
§3, shall be surrendered to the bishop or district	under the provisions of $\S 1$ and $\S 3 \oplus 361.1$ and $.3$, shall	
superintendent along with a letter of withdrawal from	be surrendered to the bishop or district superintendent	
the ordained ministry, for deposit with the secretary of	along with a letter of withdrawal from the ordained	
the conference. This action shall be reported by the	ministry, Both the credentials and the letter of	
Board of Ordained Ministry to the annual conference at	withdrawal shall be deposited for deposit with the	
its next session. ⁴¹ The effective date of withdrawal shall	secretary of the conference. This action shall be reported	
be the date of the letter of withdrawal. ⁴²	by the Board of Ordained Ministry to the annual	
>VII: —<	conference at its next session. ⁴¹ The effective date of	
GBOD ¶350.1-4 = 360.1-4	withdrawal shall be the date of the letter of withdrawal. ⁴²	
³⁸ See Judicial Council Decision 696.		
³⁹ See Judicial Council Decisions 552, 695, 1055.	>VII:<	
⁴⁰ See Judicial Council Decision 691.	29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	
 ⁴¹ See Judicial Council Decision 552. ⁴² See Judicial Council Decision 691. 	³⁸ See Judicial Council Decision 696.	
See Judicial Coulien Decision 071.	 ³⁹ See Judicial Council Decisions 552, 695, 1055. ⁴⁰ See Judicial Council Decision 691. 	
	⁴¹ See Judicial Council Decision 552.	
	⁴² See Judicial Council Decision 691.	
¶ 351. Readmission to Provisional Membership – Each	Section XVII. Readmission to Conference Relationship	
central conference shall establish procedures for	[364] ¶ 351. Readmission to Provisional Membership-	
readmission to conference relationship for each of the	Each central conference shall establish procedures for	
following categories: termination of provisional	readmission to conference relationship for each of the	
membership, honorable or administrative location, leaving the ministerial office, termination by action of	following categories: termination of provisional	
the annual conference, and involuntary retirement. All	membership, honorable or administrative location,	Rest of section moved to adaptable
readmission procedures shall require readmission in the	leaving the ministerial office, termination by action of	BOD $364 = GBOD 351.001$

conference in which clergy membership was previously held or, in the case of readmission for transfer to a new conference, consultation with the bishops and Boards of Ordained Ministry for each conference involved in the readmission procedure. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the <i>Discipline</i> . >VII: 351.001-351.005< GBOD ¶ 351 = 364	the annual conference, and involuntary retirement. All readmission procedures shall require readmission in the conference in which clergy membership was previously held or, in the case of readmission for transfer to a new conference, consultation with the bishops and Boards of Ordained Ministry for each conference involved in the readmission procedure. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the <i>Discipline</i> . >VII: 351.001-351.005<	
Section XI. Administrative Fair Process and Complaint Procedure ¶ 352. Involuntary Status Change and Fair Process—1. When there is a request for an involuntary status change, the bishop and cabinet, and Board of Ordained Ministry shall take action in a timely manner. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the Discipline in regards to the conference relations committee. >VII: 352.001< 2. Fair Process—As a part of the holy covenant that exists within the membership and organization of The United Methodist Church, each central conference shall develop a method for the disposition of requests for involuntary status changes, excluding complaints, for the protection of the rights of individuals and for the protection of the Church. These procedures shall be written and applied consistently to all requests for involuntary status change, and shall include but not be limited to the following: a) In any administrative proceeding the bishop or the bishop's designee and the respondent (the person against whom involuntary action [excluding complaints] is directed) shall have a right to be heard before any final action is taken.	Section XLXVI. Administrative Fair Process_and <u>Complaint Procedure</u> [362] ¶ 352. <u>Involuntary Status Change and Fair</u> <u>Process</u> -1. When there is a request for an involuntary status change, the bishop and cabinet, and Board of Ordained Ministry shall take action in a timely manner. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the procedures in Part VII of the <u>Discipline</u> in regards to the conference <u>relations committee</u> . >VII: 352.001< <u>Conference Relations Committee</u> Each annual conference Board of Ordained Ministry shall establish a conference relations committee of at least three persons to hear requests for discontinuance of provisional members, involuntary leave of absence, administrative location, involuntary retirement, or other such matters as may be referred to them by the Board of Ordained Ministry (¶ 635). District superintendents shall not serve on the conference relations committee. 2. Fair Process Hearings-As a part of the holy covenant that exists within the membership and organization of The United Methodist Church, <u>each</u> central conference shall develop a method for the disposition of requests for involuntary status changes, <u>excluding complaints</u> , for the protection of the rights of individuals and for the protection of the Church. These	BOD 361= GBOD 352.001 BOD 361.2 = GBOD 352.002

b) Notice of any hearing shall advise the respondent of the reason for the proposed procedures with sufficient detail to allow the respondent to prepare a response. Notice shall be given not less than twenty days prior to the hearing.

c) The respondent shall have a right to be accompanied to any hearing by a clergyperson who is a member in full connection of the respondent's annual conference, in accordance with the appropriate disciplinary provisions. The clergyperson accompanying the respondent shall have the right to voice.⁴³

d) In any administrative hearing, under no circumstances shall one party, in the absence of the other party, discuss substantive issues with members of the pending hearing body. Questions of procedure may be raised with the presiding officer of the hearing body.

e) The respondent shall have access, at least seven days prior to the hearing, to all records relied upon in the determination of the outcome of the administrative process.⁴⁴

f) In the event that a clergyperson fails to appear for supervisory interviews, refuses mail, refuses to communicate personally with the bishop or district superintendent, or otherwise fails to respond to supervisory requests or requests from official administrative committees, such actions or inactions shall not be used as an excuse to avoid or delay any Church processes, and such processes may continue without the participation of such individual. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the additional procedures in Part VII of the *Discipline*. >VII: 352.002<

3. Immunity from Prosecution—In order to preserve the integrity of the Church's administrative process and ensure full participation in it at all times, the bishop, cabinet, Board of Ordained Ministry, witnesses, advocates, administrative review committee, clergy in full connection voting in executive session, and all others who participate in the Church's administrative process shall have immunity from prosecution of complaints brought against them related to their role in a particular

procedures shall be written and applied consistently to all requests for involuntary status change, and shall include but not be limited to the following:

the following procedures are presented for the protection of the rights of individuals and for the protection of the Church in administrative hearings. The process set forth in this paragraph shall be followed whenever there is a request for discontinuance of provisional membership (upon appeal by the provisional member), involuntary leave of absence, administrative location, or involuntary retirement. Special attention shall be given to the timely disposition of all matters and to ensuring racial, ethnic, and gender diversity in the committee dealing with the fair process hearing.

a) In any administrative proceeding the bishop or the bishop's designee and the respondent (the person against whom involuntary action [excluding complaints] is directed) shall have a right to be heard before any final action is taken.

b) Notice of any hearing shall advise the respondent of the reason for the proposed procedures with sufficient detail to allow the respondent to prepare a response. Notice shall be given not less than twenty days prior to the hearing.

c) The respondent shall have a right to be accompanied to any hearing by a clergyperson who is a member in full connection of the respondent's annual conference, in accordance with the appropriate disciplinary provisions. The clergyperson accompanying the respondent shall have the right to voice.⁴³

d) In any administrative hearing, under no circumstances shall one party, in the absence of the other party, discuss substantive issues with members of the pending hearing body. Questions of procedure may be

BOD 362.c = GBOD 353.002 BOD 362.d = GBOD 353.003

administrative process, unless they have committed a
chargeable offense in conscious and knowing bad faith.
The complainant/plaintiff in any proceeding against any
such person related to their role in a particular judicial
process shall have the burden of proving, by clear and
convincing evidence, that such person's actions
constituted a chargeable offense committed knowingly in
bad faith. The immunity set forth in this provision shall
extend to civil court proceedings, to the fullest extent
permissible by the civil laws.
GBOD ¶ 352.1 = 361.2; 352.2a-d=362.2Intro+a+c+d+f;

352.3=362.3

⁴³ See Judicial Council Decisions 921, 972.

⁴⁴ See Judicial Council Decision 974.

raised with the presiding officer of the hearing body.

e) The respondent shall have access, at least seven days prior to the hearing, to all records relied upon in the determination of the outcome of the administrative process.⁴⁴

f) In the event that a clergyperson fails to appear for supervisory interviews, refuses mail, refuses to communicate personally with the bishop or district superintendent, or otherwise fails to respond to supervisory requests or requests from official administrative committees, such actions or inactions shall not be used as an excuse to avoid or delay any Church processes, and such processes may continue without the participation of such individual. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the additional procedures in Part VII of the *Discipline*. >VII: 352.002<

3. Immunity from Prosecution-In order to preserve the integrity of the Church's administrative process and ensure full participation in it at all times, the bishop, cabinet, Board of Ordained Ministry, witnesses, advocates, administrative review committee, clergy in full connection voting in executive session, and all others who participate in the Church's administrative process shall have immunity from prosecution of complaints brought against them related to their role in a particular administrative process, unless they have committed a chargeable offense in conscious and knowing bad faith. The complainant/plaintiff in any proceeding against any such person related to their role in a particular judicial process shall have the burden of proving, by clear and convincing evidence, that such person's actions constituted a chargeable offense committed knowingly in bad faith. The immunity set forth in this provision shall extend to civil court proceedings, to the fullest extent permissible by the civil

	laws.	
	⁴³ See Judicial Council Decisions 921, 972.	
	⁴⁴ See Judicial Council Decision 974.	
¶ 353. <i>Complaint Procedures</i> —1. <i>Review</i> - Ordination	[362] ¶ 353. Complaint Procedures-1. Ordination and	
and membership in an annual conference in The United	membership in an annual conference in The United	BOD $364 = GBOD 351.001$
Methodist Church is a sacred trust. The qualifications	Methodist Church is a sacred trust. The qualifications	BOD 365 = GBOD 351.002 BOD 366 = GBOD 351.003
and duties of local pastors, associate members,	and duties of local pastors, associate members,	BOD 367 = GBOD 351.003
provisional members, and full members are set forth in	provisional members, and full members are set forth in	BOD 368 = GBOD 351.005
the-Discipline, and we believe they flow from the gospel	the The Book of Discipline of The United Methodist	
as taught by Jesus the Christ and proclaimed by his	<i>Church</i> , and we believe they flow from the gospel as	
apostles. Whenever a person in any of the above	taught by Jesus the Christ and proclaimed by his	
categories, including those on leaves of all types,	apostles. Whenever a person in any of the above	
honorable or administrative location, or retirement, is	categories, including those on leaves of all types,	
accused of violating this trust, the membership of his or	honorable or administrative location, or retirement, is	
her ministerial office shall be subject to review.	accused of violating this trust, the membership of his or	
This review shall have as its primary purpose a	her ministerial office shall be subject to review.	
just resolution of any violations of this sacred trust, in	This review shall have as its primary purpose a just	
the hope that God's work of justice, reconciliation and	resolution of any violations of this sacred trust, in the	
healing may be realized in the body of Christ.	hope that God's work of justice, reconciliation and	
A just resolution is one that focuses on repairing	healing may be realized in the body of Christ.	
any harm to people and communities, achieving real	A just resolution is one that focuses on repairing any	
accountability by making things right in so far as	harm to people and communities, achieving real	
possible and bringing healing to all the parties. In	accountability by making things right in so far as	
appropriate situations, processes seeking a just	possible and bringing healing to all the parties. In	
resolution may be pursued. Special attention should be	appropriate situations, processes seeking a just	
given to ensuring that cultural, racial, ethnic and gender	resolution as defined in \P 363.1(c) may be pursued.	
contexts are valued throughout the process in terms of	Special attention should be given to ensuring that	
their understandings of fairness, justice and restoration.	cultural, racial, ethnic and gender contexts are valued	
A complaint is a written and signed statement	throughout the process in terms of their understandings	
claiming misconduct as defined in ¶ 2702 When a	of fairness, justice and restoration.	
complaint is received by the bishop, both the person	A complaint is a written and signed statement	
making the complaint and the person against whom the	claiming misconduct as defined in ¶ 2702.1.2702. When	
complaint is made will be informed in writing of the	a complaint is received by the bishop, both the person	
process to be followed at that stage. When and if the	making the complaint and the person against whom the	

stage changes, those persons will continue to be informed in writing of the new process in a timely fashion. >VII: 353.001<

2. Supervision—In the course of the ordinary fulfillment of the superintending role, the bishop or district superintendent may receive or initiate complaints about the performance or character of a clergyperson. The person filing the complaint and the clergyperson shall be informed by the district superintendent or bishop of the process for filing the complaint and its purpose.

3. Supervisory Response—The supervisory response of the bishop shall begin upon receipt of a formal complaint. The response is pastoral and administrative and shall be directed toward a just resolution among all parties. It is not part of any judicial process. Each central conference shall develop a method for the disposition of judicial complaints. These procedures shall be written and applied consistently to all judicial complaints. The person against whom the complaint was made may choose another person to accompany him or her with the right to voice; the person making the complaint shall have the right to choose a person to accompany him or her with the right to voice.

The supervisory response shall be carried out by the bishop or the bishop's designee in a timely manner, with attention to communication to all parties regarding the complaint and the process. When the supervisory response is initiated, the bishop shall notify the chairperson of the Board of Ordained Ministry that a complaint has been filed, of the clergyperson named, of the general nature of the complaint, and, when concluded, of the disposition of the complaint.

Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the additional procedures in Part VII of the *Discipline*. >VII: 353.003<

4. Suspension—When deemed appropriate, to protect the well-being of the person making the complaint, the congregation, annual conference, other context for ministry, and/or clergy, the bishop, with the

complaint is made will be informed in writing of the process to be followed at that stage. When and if the stage changes, those persons will continue to be informed in writing of the new process in a timely fashion. All original time limitations may be extended for one 30-day period upon the consent of the complainant and the respondent. >VII: 353.001<

<u>2.a</u>) Supervision-In the course of the ordinary fulfillment of the superintending role, the bishop or district superintendent may receive or initiate complaints about the performance or character of a clergyperson. A complaint is a written and signed statement claiming misconduct or unsatisfactory performance of ministerial duties.⁶⁸ The person filing the complaint and the clergyperson shall be informed by the district superintendent or bishop of the process for filing the complaint and its purpose.

3.b) Supervisory Response-The supervisory response of the bishop shall begin upon receipt of a formal complaint. The response is pastoral and administrative and shall be directed toward a just resolution among all parties. It is not part of any judicial process. Each central conference shall develop a method for the disposition of judicial complaints. These procedures shall be written and applied consistently to all judicial complaints. The complaint shall be treated as an allegation or allegations during the supervisory process. At all supervisory meetings no verbatim record shall be made and no legal counsel shall be present. The person against whom the complaint was made may choose another person to accompany him or her with the right to voice; the person making the complaint shall have the right to choose a person to accompany him or her with the right to voice.

The supervisory response shall be carried out by

Rest of this paragraph moved to adaptable

recommendation of the executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry, may suspend the person from all clergy responsibilities, but not from an appointment, for a period not to exceed ninety days. With the agreement of the executive committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry, the bishop may extend the suspension for only one additional period of thirty days.⁴⁵ >VII: 352.003< GBOD ¶ 353.1 = 362.1Intro; 353.2=362.1a; 353.3=362.1b; 353.4=362.1d ⁴⁵ See Judicial Council Decision 776. the bishop or the bishop's designee in a timely manner, with attention to communication to all parties regarding the complaint and the process. At the determination of the bishop, persons with qualifications and experience in assessment, intervention, or healing may be selected to assist in the supervisory response. The bishop also may consult with the committee on pastor-parish relations for pastors, the district committee on superintendency for the district superintendents, appropriate personnel committee or other persons who may be helpful.

When the supervisory response is initiated, the bishop shall notify the chairperson of the Board of Ordained Ministry that a complaint has been filed, of the clergyperson named, of the general nature of the complaint, and, when concluded, of the disposition of the complaint. Jurisdictional conferences shall follow the additional procedures in Part VII of the Discipline. >VII: 353.003<

c) Just Resolution-The supervisory response may include a process that seeks a just resolution in which the parties are assisted by a trained, impartial third party facilitator(s) or mediator(s), in reaching an agreement satisfactory to all parties.⁶⁹ If the bishop chooses to initiate a mediated attempt to produce a just resolution, then the bishop, the person filing the complaint, the respondent, and other appropriate persons shall enter into a written agreement outlining the process, including any agreements on confidentiality. A process seeking a just resolution may begin at any time in the supervisory, complaint, or trial process. If resolution is achieved, a written statement of resolution, including any terms and conditions, shall be signed by the parties and the parties shall agree on any matters to be disclosed to third parties. A just resolution agreed to by all parties shall be a final disposition of the related complaint.

A process seeking a just resolution may begin at	
any time in the supervisory or complaint process. This is	
a not an administrative or judicial proceeding.	
<u>4.</u> <i>d</i>) Suspension-When deemed appropriate, to	
protect the well-being of the person making the	
complaint, the congregation, annual conference, other	
context for ministry, and/or clergy, the bishop, with the	
recommendation of the executive committee of the	
Board of Ordained Ministry, may suspend the	
respondent person from all clergy responsibilities, but	
not from an appointment, for a period not to exceed	
ninety days. With the agreement of the executive	
committee of the Board of Ordained Ministry, the	
bishop may extend the suspension for only one	
additional period not to exceed thirty days. ⁴⁵ During the	
suspension, salary, housing, and benefits provided by a	
pastoral charge will continue at a level no less than on	
the date of suspension. ⁷⁰ The person so suspended shall	
retain all rights and privileges as stated in ¶ 334. The cost	
of supply of a pastor during the suspension will be borne	
by the annual conference. ⁷¹ >VII: 352.003<	
⁴⁵ See Judicial Council Decision 776.	